

F3X26 Series Router User Manual	Document Version	Page
	V2.0.0	
	Product Name: F3X26	Total:85

F3X26 Series Router User Manual

The user manual is suitable for the following model:

Model	Product Type
F3126	GPRS WIFI Router
F3226	CDMA WIFI Router
F3436	WCDMA WIFI Router
F3626	EVDO WIFI Router
F3726	TDD LTE WIFI Router
F3826	FDD LTE WIFI Router
F3A26	LTE WIFI Router



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Note: There may be different components and interfaces in different model, please in kind prevail.

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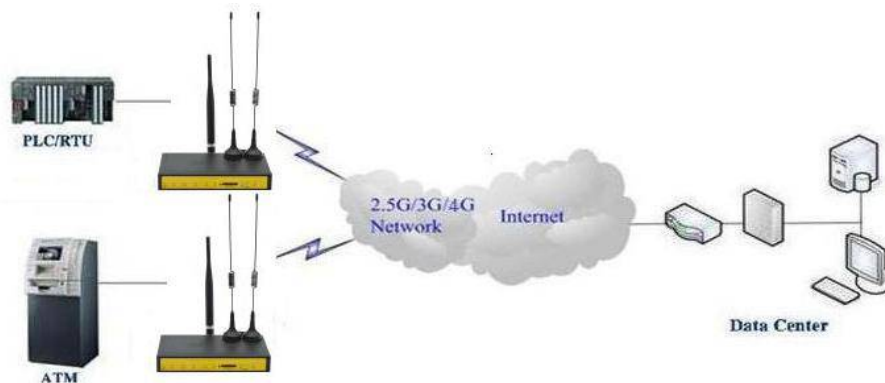
Chapter 1 Brief Introduction of Product

1.1 General

F3X26 series Router is a kind of cellular terminal device that provides data transfer function by public cellular network.

It adopts high-powered industrial 32-bits CPU and embedded real time operating system. It supports RS232 (or RS485/RS422), Ethernet and WIFI port that can conveniently and transparently connect one device to a cellular network, allowing you to connect to your existing serial, Ethernet and WIFI devices with only basic configuration.

It has been widely used on M2M fields, such as self-service terminal industry, intelligent transportation, smart grid, smart home, industrial automation, intelligent building, public security, fire protection, environment protection, telemetry, finance, POS, water supply, meteorology, remote sensing, digital medical, military, space exploration, agriculture, forestry, petrochemical and other fields.



1.2 Features and Benefits

Design for Industrial Application

- ◆ High-powered industrial cellular module
- ◆ High-powered industrial 32bits CPU
- ◆ Support low-consumption mode, including sleep mode, scheduled online/offline mode
- ◆ Housing: iron, providing IP30 protection
- ◆ Power range: DC 5~36V

Stability and Reliability

- ◆ Support hardware and software WDT
- ◆ Support auto recovery mechanism, including online detect, auto redial when offline to make Router always online

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- ◆ Ethernet port: 1.5KV magnetic isolation protection
- ◆ RS232/RS485/RS422 port: 15KV ESD protection
- ◆ SIM/UIM port: 15KV ESD protection
- ◆ Power port: reverse-voltage and over-voltage protection
- ◆ Antenna port: lightning protection(optional)

Standard and Convenience

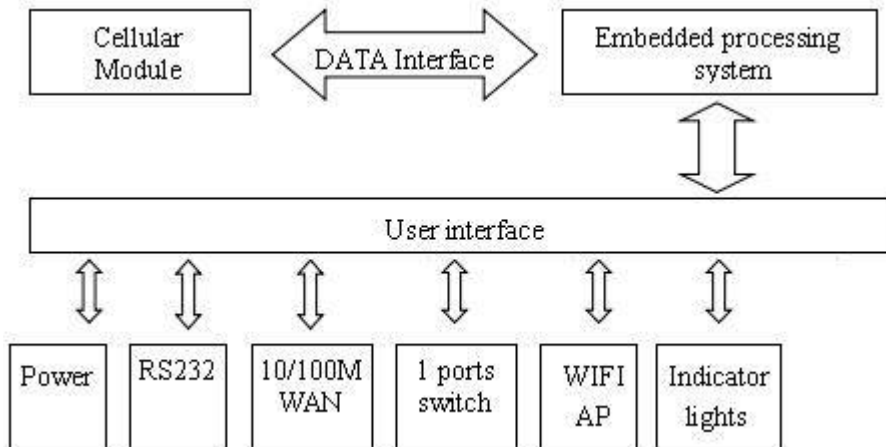
- ◆ Support standard RS232(or RS485/RS422), Ethernet and WIFI port that can connect to serial, Ethernet and WIFI devices directly
- ◆ Support standard WAN port and PPPOE protocol that can connect to ADSL directly
- ◆ Support intellectual mode, enter into communication state automatically when powered
- ◆ Provide management software for remote management
- ◆ Support several work modes
- ◆ Convenient configuration and maintenance interface (WEB or CLI)

High-performance

- ◆ Support multiple WAN access methods, including static IP, DHCP, L2TP, PPTP,PPPOE,2.5G/3G/4G
- ◆ Support double link backup between cellular and WAN(PPPOE, ADSL) (optional)
- ◆ Support VPN client(PPTP, L2TP, OPENVPN, IPSEC and GRE)(only for VPN version)
- ◆ Support VPN server(PPTP, L2TP, OPENVPN, IPSEC and GRE)(only for VPN version)
- ◆ Support local and remote firmware upgrade,import and export configure file
- ◆ Support NTP, RTC embedded
- ◆ Support multiple DDNS provider service
- ◆ Support MAC Address clone, PPPOE Server
- ◆ WIFI support 802.11b/g/n. support AP, client, Repeater, Repeater Bridge and WDS(optional) mode
- ◆ WIFI support WEP,WPA,WPA2 encryption,Support RADIUS authentication and MAC address filter
- ◆ Support multiple online trigger ways, including SMS, ring and data. Support link disconnection when timeout
- ◆ Support APN/VPDN
- ◆ Support DHCP server and client, firewall, NAT, DMZ host , URL block, QOS, traffic statistics, real time link speed statistics etc
- ◆ Full protocol support , such as TCP/IP, UDP, ICMP, SMTP(optional), HTTP, POP3(optional), OICQ(optional), TELNET, FTP(optional), SNMP, SSHD, etc
- ◆ Schedule Online and Offline

1.3 Working Principle

The principle chart of the Router is as following:



1.4 Specifications

Cellular Specification

ITEM	CONTENT
F3126 GPRS WIFI Router	
Standard and Band	EGSM 900/GSM 1800MHz, GSM 850/900/1800/1900MHz(optional) Compliant to GSM phase 2/2+ GPRS class 10, class 12(optional)
Bandwidth	85.6Kbps
TX power	GSM850/900:<33dBm GSM1800/1900:<30dBm
RX sensitivity	<-107dBm
F3226 CDMA WIFI Router	
Standard and Band	CDMA2000 1xRTT 800MHz, 450MHz(optional)
Bandwidth	153.6Kbps
TX power	<30dBm
RX sensitivity	<-104dBm
F3426 WCDMA WIFI Router	
Standard and Band	UMTS/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+ 850/1900/2100MHz, 850/900/1900/2100MHz(optional) GSM 850/900/1800/1900MHz GPRS/EDGE CLASS 12
Bandwidth	DC-HSPA+: Download speed 42Mbps, Upload speed 5.76Mbps

	HSPA+: Download speed 21Mbps, Upload speed 5.76Mbps HSDPA: Download speed 7.2Mbps, HSUPA: Upload speed 5.76Mbps UMTS: 384Kbps
TX power	<24dBm
RX sensitivity	<-109dBm
F3626 EVDO WIFI Router	
Standard and Band	CDMA2000 1X EVDO Rev A 800MHz, 800/1900MHz(optional), 450MHz(optional) CDMA2000 1X EVDO Rev B 800/1900MHz(optional) CDMA2000 1X RTT, IS-95 A/B
Bandwidth	EVDO Rev. A: Download speed 3.1Mbps, Upload speed 1.8Mbps EVDO Rev. B: Download speed 14.7Mbps, Upload speed 5.4Mbps (optional)
TX power	<23dBm
RX sensitivity	<-104dBm
F3726 TDD LTE WIFI Router	
Standard and Band	LTE TDD 2600/1900/2300MHz(Band 38/39/40), 800/1400/1800MHz(Band 27/61/62)(optional) TD-SCDMA 2010/1900MHz(A/F frequency band, Band 34/39) GSM /GPRS/EDGE 900/1800/1900MHz
Bandwidth	LTE TDD: Download speed 61Mbps, Upload speed 18Mbps TD-HSPA+: Download speed 4.2Mbps, Upload speed 2.2Mbps TD-HSPA: Download speed 2.2Mbps, Upload speed 2.2Mbps
TX power	<23dBm
RX sensitivity	<-97dBm
F3826 FDD LTE WIFI Router	
Standard and Band	LTE FDD 2600/2100/1800/900/800MHz, 700/1700/2100MHz(optional) DC-HSPA+/HSPA+/HSDPA/HSUPA/UMTS 850/900/2100MHz, 800/850/1900/2100MHz(optional) EDGE/GPRS/GSM 850/900/1800/1900MHz GPRS CLASS 10 GPRS CLASS 12
Bandwidth	LTE FDD: Download speed 100Mbps, Upload speed 50Mbps DC-HSPA+: Download speed 42Mbps, Upload speed 5.76Mbps HSPA+: Download speed 21Mbps, Upload speed 5.76Mbps HSDPA: Download speed 7.2Mbps, HSUPA: Upload speed 5.76Mbps UMTS: 384Kbps
TX power	<23dBm

RX sensitivity	<-97dBm
F3A26 LTE WIFI Router	
Standard and Band	LTE FDD,LTE TDD,EVDO,WCDMA,TD-SCDMA,CDMA1X,GPRS/EDGE
Bandwidth	LTE FDD: Download speed 100Mbps, Upload speed 50Mbps LTE TDD: Download speed 61Mbps, Upload speed 18Mbps DC-HSPA+: Download speed 42Mbps, Upload speed 5.76Mbps TD-HSPA+: Download speed 4.2Mbps, Upload speed 2.2Mbps EVDO Rev. A: Download speed 3.1Mbps, Upload speed 1.8Mbps
TX power	<23dBm
RX sensitivity	<-97dBm

WIFI Specification

Item	Content
Standard	IEEE802.11b/g/n
Bandwidth	IEEE802.11b/g: 54Mbps (max) IEEE802.11n: 150Mbps (max)
Security	WEP, WPA, WPA2, etc WPS (optional)
TX power	20dBm(11n),24dBm(11g),26dBm(11b)
RX sensitivity	<-72dBm@54Mbps

Hardware System

Item	Content
CPU	Industrial 32bits CPU
FLASH	16MB(Extendable to 64MB)
DDR2	128MB

Interface Type

Item	Content
WAN/LAN	WAN/LAN configurable; 1 10/100 Mbps WAN port(RJ45), auto MDI/MDIX, 1.5KV magnetic isolation protection
LAN	1 10/100 Mbps Ethernet ports(RJ45), auto MDI/MDIX, 1.5KV magnetic isolation protection
Serial	1 RS232(or RS485/RS422) port, 15KV ESD protection Data bits: 5, 6, 7, 8 Stop bits: 1, 1.5(optional), 2 Parity: none, even, odd, space(optional), mark(optional) Baud rate: 2400~115200 bps
Indicator	"WAN/LAN", "LAN", "System", "WIFI", "Online", "SIM", "Signal Strength", "Power"

Antenna	Cellular:1 or 2 Standard SMA female interface, 50 ohm, lightning protection(optional) WIFI: 1 Standard SMA male interface, 50 ohm, lightning protection(optional)
SIM/UM	Standard 3V/1.8V user card interface, 15KV ESD protection
Power	Standard 3-PIN power jack, reverse-voltage and over-voltage protection
Reset	Restore the Router to its original factory default settings



Note: There may be different components and interfaces in different model, please in kind prevail.

Power Input

Item	Content
Standard Power	DC 12V/1.5A
Power Range	DC 5~36V

Consumption

Working condition	Consumption
Standby	4G:156~170mA@12VDC 3G:162~201mA@12VDC 2G:134~193mA@12VDC
Communication	4G:310~494mA@12VDC 3G:294~412mA@12VDC 2G:174~201mA@12VDC

Physical Characteristics

Item	Content
Housing	Iron, providing IP30 protection
Dimensions	157x97x25 mm
Weight	440g

Environmental Limits

Item	Content
Operating Temperature	-35~+75°C(-31~+167°F)
Storage	-40~+85°C(-40~+185°F)

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Temperature	
Operating Humidity	95% (Non-condensing)

Chapter 2 Installation Introduction

2.1 General

The Router must be installed correctly to make it work properly.

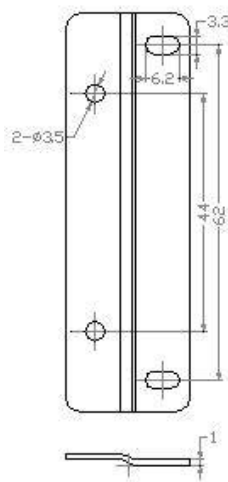
Warning: Forbid to install the Router when powered!

2.2 Encasement List

Name	Quantity	Remark
Router host	1	
Cellular antenna (Male SMA)	1 or 2	
WIFI antenna (Female SMA)	1	
Network cable	1	
Console cable	1	optional
Power adapter	1	
Manual CD	1	
Certification card	1	
Maintenance card	1	

2.3 Installation and Cable Connection

Stator and routing equipment of screw specification for: M3 * 5 mm countersunk head screws (black)

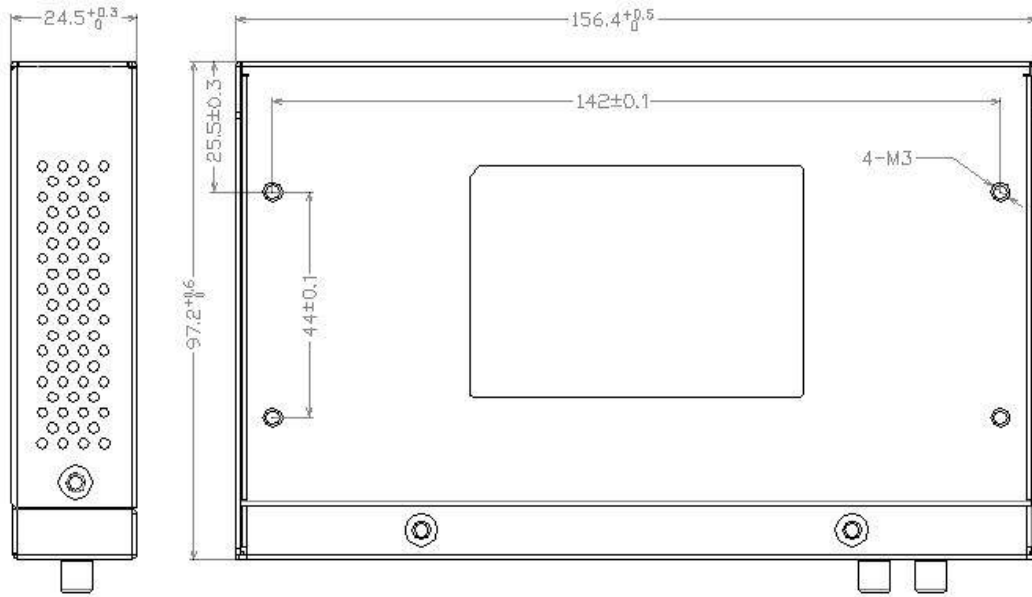


Fixed Size

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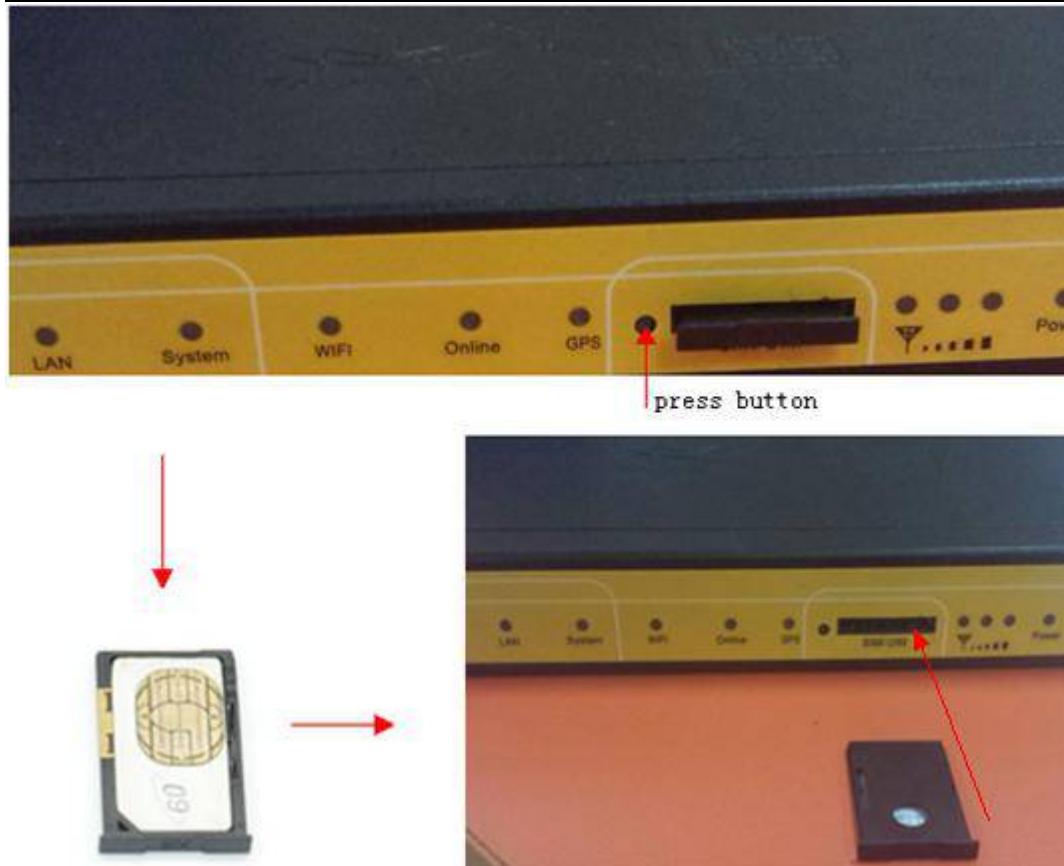
Router Size

Note: Use M3 screw to make Router and stator fixed. The length of screw should be 3~4mm.

Installation of SIM/UID card:

Firstly power off the Router, and press the out button of the SIM/UID card outlet with a needle object. Then the SIM/UID card sheath will flick out at once. Put SIM/UID card into the card sheath (Pay attention to put the side which has metal point outside), and insert card sheath back to the SIM/UID card outlet.

Warning: Forbid to install SIM/UID card when powered!



Installation of antenna:

Screw the SMA male pin of the cellular antenna to the female SMA interface of the Router with sign “ANT-M” and “ANT-A”.

Screw the SMA female pin of the WIFI antenna to the male SMA interface of the Router with sign “WIFI”.

Warning: The cellular antenna and the WIFI antenna can not be connected wrongly. And the antennas must be screwed tightly, or the signal quality of antenna will be influenced!

Installation of cable:

Insert one end of the network cable into the LAN interface , and insert the other end into the Ethernet interface of user’s device. The signal connection of network direct cable is as follows:

RJ45-1	RJ45-2	Line color
1	1	White/Orange
2	2	Orange
3	3	White/Green
4	4	Blue
5	5	White/Blue
6	6	Green
7	7	White/Brown
8	8	Brown

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Installation of cable: (install it when RS232 is used)

Insert the RJ45 end of the console cable into console interface, and insert the DB9F end of the console cable into the RS232 serial interface of user's device.

The signal connection of the console cable is as follows:

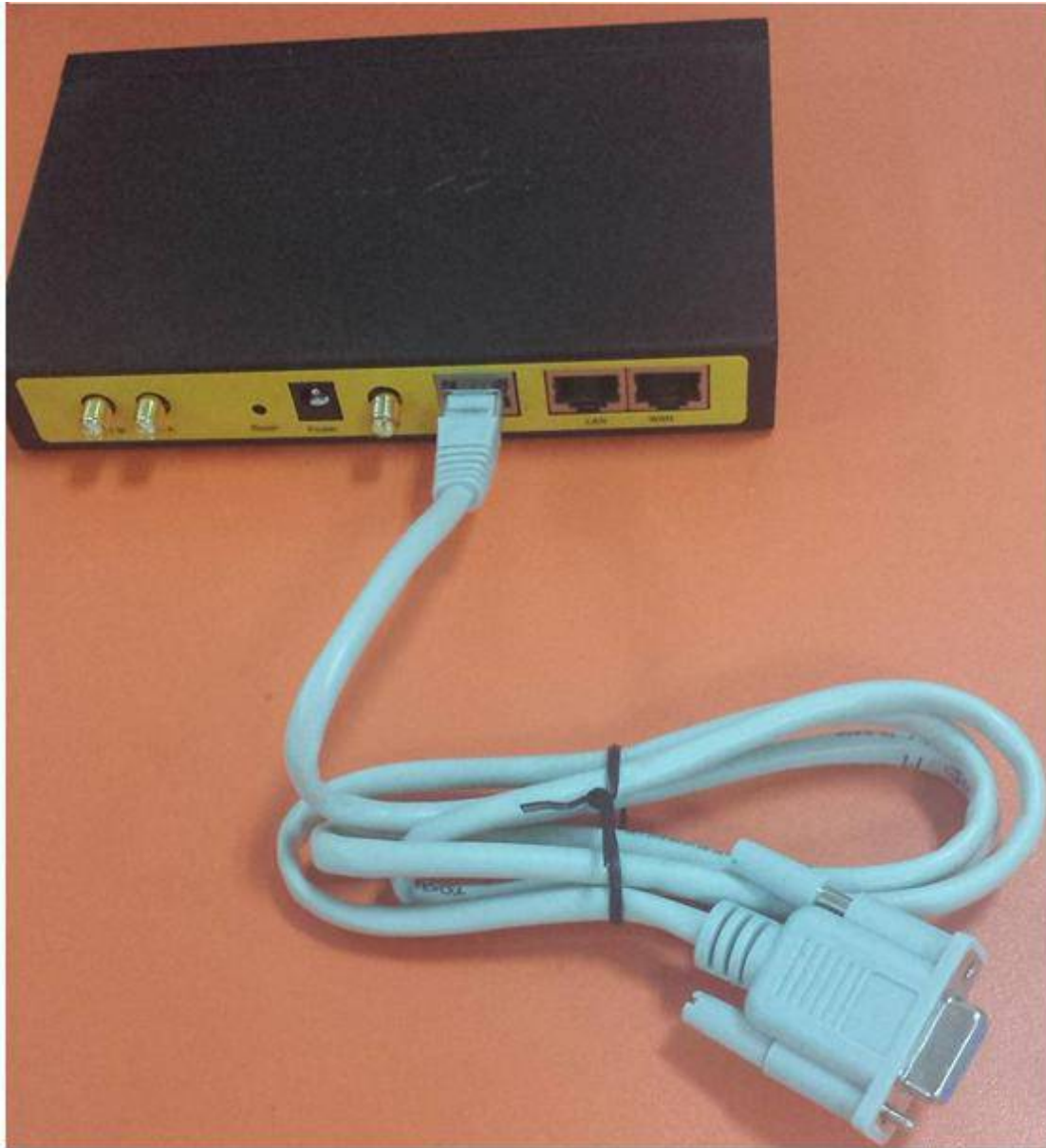
Console line definition (RS232)					
RJ45	Color	Signal	DB9F	Description	Dir (Router
1	White/ Orange	CTS	8	Clara To Send	Output
2	Orange	DSR	6	Data Set Ready	Output
3	White/ Green	RXD	2	Receive Data	Output
4	Blue	DCD	1	Data Carrier Detect	Output

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5	White/ Blue	GND	5	System Ground	
6	Green	TXD	3	Transmit Data	Input
7	White/ Brown	DTR	4	Data Terminal Ready	Input
8	Brown	RTS	7	Request To Send	Input



2.4 Power

The power range of the Router is DC 5~36V.

Warning: When we use other power, we should make sure that the power can supply

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power above 8W.

We recommend user to use the standard DC 12V/1.5A power.

2.5 Indicator Lights Introduction

The Router provides following indicator lights: "WAN/LAN", "LAN", "System", "WIFI", "Online", "SIM", "Signal Strength", "Power".

Indicator Light	State	Introduction
Power	ON	Router is powered on
	OFF	Router is powered off or in the shutdown period of schedule boot&shutdown
System	BLINK	System works properly
	OFF	System does not work
Online	ON	Router has logged on network
	OFF	Router hasn't logged on network
SIM	ON	The SIM card has been identified
	OFF	The SIM card is not recognized
LAN	OFF	The corresponding interface of network is not connected
	ON / BLINK	The corresponding interface of network is connected /Communicating
WAN/LAN	OFF	The interface of WAN/LAN is not connected
	ON / BLINK	The interface of WAN/LAN is connected /Communicating
WIFI	OFF	WIFI is not active
	ON	WIFI is active
Signal Strength	One Light ON	Signal strength is weak(<-90dbm)
	Two Lights ON	Signal strength is medium(-70dbm~-90dbm)
	Three Lights ON	Signal strength is good(>-70dbm)

2.6 Reset Button Introduction

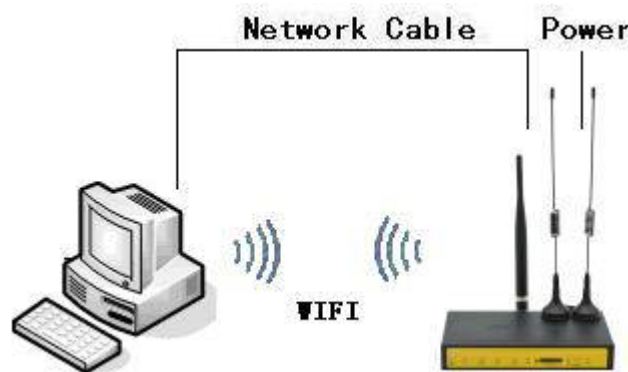
The Router has a "Reset" button to restore it to its original factory default settings. When user press the "Reset" button for up to 10s, the Router will restore to its original factory default settings and restart automatically.

Chapter 3 Configuration and Management

This chapter describes how to configure and manage the Router.

3.1 Configuration Connection

Before configuration, you should connect the Router and your configuration PC with the supplied network cable. Plug the cable's one end into the LAN port of the Router, and another end into your configure PC's Ethernet port. The connection diagram is as following:



Please modify the IP address of PC as the same network segment address of the Router, for instance, 192.168.1.9. Modify the mask code of PC as 255.255.255.0 and set the default gateway of PC as the Router's IP address (192.168.1.1).

3.2 Access the Configuration Web Page

The chapter is to present main functions of each page. Users visit page tool via web browser after connect users' PC to the Router. There are eleven main pages: Setting, Wireless, Service, VPN, Security, Access Restrictions, NAT, QOS Setting, Applications, Management and Status. Users enable to browse slave pages by click one main page..

Users can open IE or other explorers and enter the Router's default IP address of 192.168.1.1 on address bar, then press the button of Enter to visit page Web management tool of the Router. The users login in the web page at the first name, there will display a page shows as blow to tip users to modify the default user name and password of the Router. Users have to click "change password" to make it work if they modify user name and password.

Router Management

Your Router is currently not protected and uses an unsafe default username and password combination, please change it using the following dialog!

Router Password

Router Username	admin
Router Password	••••
Re-enter to confirm	••••

[Change Password](#)

After access to the information main page

Menu
[Setup](#)
[Wireless](#)
[Services](#)
[VPN](#)
[Security](#)
[NAT](#)
[Access Restrictions](#)
[QoS Setting](#)
[Applications](#)
[Administration](#)
[Status](#)

System Information

Router	
Router Name	Router
Router Model	Router
LAN MAC	00:0C:43:8C:B6:D6
WAN MAC	00:0C:43:8C:B6:D7
Wireless MAC	00:0C:43:8C:B6:D8
WAN IP	192.168.9.223
LAN IP	192.168.1.1

Wireless	
Radio	Radio is On
Mode	AP
Network	Mixed
SSID	ssid-7620a
Channel	6 (2437 MHz)
TX Power	71 mW
Rate	300 Mb/s

Wireless Packet Info	
Received (RX)	0 OK, no error
Transmitted (TX)	0 OK, no error

Services

DHCP Server	Enabled
ff-radauth	Disabled
USB Support	Enabled

Memory	
Total Available	122.3 MB / 128.0 MB
Free	92.3 MB / 122.3 MB
Used	30.0 MB / 122.3 MB
Buffers	3.3 MB / 30.0 MB
Cached	11.6 MB / 30.0 MB
Active	10.3 MB / 30.0 MB
Inactive	6.4 MB / 30.0 MB

Users need to input user name and password if it is their first time to login.



Input correct user name and password to visit relevant menu page. Default user name is admin, password is admin. (available to modify user name and password on management page, then click submit)

3.3 Management and configuration

3.3.1 Setting

The Setup screen is the first screen users will see when accessing the Router. Most users will be able to configure the Router and get it work properly using only the settings on this screen. Some Internet Service Providers (ISPs) will require users to enter specific information, such as User Name, Password, IP Address, Default Gateway Address, or DNS IP Address. These information can be obtained from your ISP, if required.

3.3.1.1 Basic Setting

WAN Connection Type

Seven Ways: Disabled, Static IP, Automatic Configuration-DHCP, PPPOE, 3G/UNMTS/4G/LTE, DHCP-4G.

Disabled

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Connection Type	Disabled
-----------------	----------

Forbid the setting of WAN port connection type

Static IP

Connection Type	Static IP
WAN IP Address	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
Gateway	0.0.0.0
Static DNS 1	0.0.0.0
Static DNS 2	0.0.0.0
Static DNS 3	0.0.0.0

WAN IP Address: Users set IP address by their own or ISP assigns

Subnet Mask: Users set subnet mask by their own or ISP assigns

Gateway: Users set gateway by their own or ISP assigns

Static DNS1/DNS2/DNS3: Users set static DNS by their own or ISP assigns

Automatic Configuration-DHCP

Connection Type	Automatic Configuration - DHCP
-----------------	--------------------------------

IP address of WAN port gets automatic via DHCP

PPPOE

Connection Type	PPPoE
User Name	
Password	
	☐ Unmask

User Name: login the Internet

Password: login the Internet

3G/UMTS/4G/LTE

Connection Type	3G/UMTS/4G/LTE	
User Name		
Password		☐ Unmask
Dial String	*99***1# (UMTS/3G/3.5G)	
APN		
PIN		☐ Unmask

User Name: login users' ISP(Internet Service Provider)

Password: login users' ISP

Dial String: dial number of users' ISP

APN: access point name of users' ISP

PIN: PIN code of users' SIM card

Connection type

Connection type	Auto
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Connection type: Auto, Force 3G, Force 2G, Prefer 3G, Prefer 2G options. If using 4G module, there has 4G network option. Users select different mode depending on their need

DHCP-4G

Connection Type	dhcp-4G
-----------------	--------------------------------------

IP address of WAN port gets automatic via DHCP-4G

Keep Online

Keep Online Detection	Ping
Detection Interval	60 Sec.
Primary Detection Server IP	166 111 8 238
Backup Detection Server IP	202 119 32 102

This function is used to detect whether the Internet connection is active, if users set it and when the Router detect the connection is inactive, it will redial to users' ISP immediately to make the connection active. If the network is busy or the user is in private network, we recommend that Router mode will be better.

Detection Method:

None: do not set this function

Ping: Send ping packet to detect the connection, when choose this method, users

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should also configure "Detection Interval", "Primary Detection Server IP" and "Backup Detection Server IP" items.

Route: Detect connection with route method, when choose this method, users should also configure "Detection Interval", "Primary Detection Server IP" and "Backup Detection Server IP" items.

PPP: Detect connection with PPP method, when choose this method, users should also configure "Detection Interval" item.

Detection Interval: time interval between two detections, unit is second

Primary Detection Server IP: the server used to response the Router's detection packet. This item is only valid for method "Ping" and "Route".

Backup Detection Server IP: the server used to response the Router's detection packet. This item is valid for method "Ping" and "Route".

Note: When users choose the "Route" or "Ping" method, it's quite important to make sure that the "Primary Detection Server IP" and "Backup Detection Server IP" are usable and stable, because they have to response the detection packet frequently.

Connection Strategy

Connection Strategy

☐ Connect on Demand: Max Idle Time Min.

☒ Keep Alive: Redial Period Sec.

Connection Strategy: one way is Connect on Demand, that is the link turnoff automatic under the situation that the ready link is idle and idle time meets users' configuration requirement, but it will connect again if users visit Internet. The other way is to keep alive, that is the link enable to dial again when reaching the re-dial period users set after disconnection.

Force reconnect

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Time

Force reconnect: this option schedules the PPPOE or 3G reconnection by killing the pppd daemon and restart it.

Time: needed time to reconnect

STP

STP ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

STP (Spanning Tree Protocol) can be applied to loop network. Through certain algorithm achieves path redundancy, and loop network cuts to tree-based network without loop in the meantime, thus to avoid the hyperplasia and infinite circulation of a message in the loop network

Optional Configuration

Router Name	Four-Faith
Host Name	
Domain Name	
MTU	Auto v 1500

Router Name: set Router name

Host Name: ISP provides

Domain Name: ISP provides

MTU: auto (1500) and manual (1200-1492 in PPPOE/PPTP/L2TP mode, 576-16320 in other modes)

Router Internal Network Settings

Router IP

Local IP Address	192 168 1 1
Subnet Mask	255 255 255 0
Gateway	0 0 0 0
Local DNS	0 0 0 0

Local IP Address: IP address of the Router

Subnet Mask: the subnet mask of the Router

Gateway: set internal gateway of the Router. If default, internal gateway is the address of the Router

Local DNS: DNS server is auto assigned by network operator server. Users enable to use their own DNS server or other stable DNS servers, if not, keep it default

WAN Port

WAN Port

Assign WAN Port to Switch ☐

Assign WAN Port to Switch: enable this function, The WAN Port becomes LAN Port

Network Address Server Settings (DHCP)

These settings for the Router's Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server functionality

configuration. The Router can serve as a network DHCP server. DHCP server automatically assigns an IP address for each computer in the network. If they choose to enable the Router's DHCP server option, users can set all the computers on the LAN to automatically obtain an IP address and DNS, and make sure no

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other DHCP server in the network.

DHCP Type	DHCP Server
DHCP Server	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Start IP Address	192.168.1. 100
Maximum DHCP Users	50
Client Lease Time	1440 minutes
Static DNS 1	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Static DNS 2	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Static DNS 3	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
WINS	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Use DNSMasq for DHCP	☒
Use DNSMasq for DNS	☒
DHCP-Authoritative	☒

DHCP Type: DHCP Server and DHCP Forwarder

Enter DHCP Server if set DHCP Type to DHCP Forwarder as blow:

DHCP Type	DHCP Forwarder
DHCP Server	0 . 0 . 0 . 0

DHCP Server: keep the default Enable to enable the Router's DHCP server option. If users have already have a DHCP server on their network or users do not want a DHCP server, then select Disable

Start IP Address: enter a numerical value for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. Do not start with 192.168.1.1 (the Router's own IP address).

Maximum DHCP Users: enter the maximum number of PCs that users want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The absolute maximum is 253 if 192.168.1.2 is users' starting IP address.

Client Lease Time: the Client Lease Time is the amount of time a network user will be allowed connection to the Router with their current dynamic IP address. Enter the amount of time, in minutes, that the user will be "leased" this dynamic IP address.

Static DNS (1-3): the Domain Name System (DNS) is how the Internet translates domain or website names into Internet addresses or URLs. Users' ISP will provide them with at least one DNS Server IP address. If users wish to utilize another, enter that IP address in one of these fields. Users can enter up to three DNS Server IP addresses here. The Router will utilize them for quicker access to functioning DNS servers.

WINS: the Windows Internet Naming Service (WINS) manages each PC's interaction with the Internet. If users use a WINS server, enter that server's IP address here. Otherwise, leave it blank.

DNSMasq: users' domain name in the field of local search, increase the expansion of the host option, to adopt DNSMasq can assign IP addresses and DNS for the subnet, if select DNSMasq, dhcpd service is used for the subnet IP address and DNS.

Time Settings

Select time zone of your location. To use local time, leave the checkmark in the box next to Use local time.

NTP Client	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Time Zone	UTC+08:00 ▼
Summer Time (DST)	last Sun Mar - last Sun Oct ▼
Server IP/Name	

NTP Client: Get the system time from NTP server

Time Zone: Time zone options

Summer Time (DST): set it depends on users' location

Server IP/Name: IP address of NTP server, up to 32 characters. If blank, the system will find a server by default

Adjust Time

Time	2012 3 15 9 16 20 Get Set
------	---

To adjust time by the system and refresh to get the time of the web, user can set to modify the time of the system. They can change to adjust time by manual to achieve adjust time by the system if the system fails to get NTP server

3.3.1.2 Dynamic DNS

If user's network has a permanently assigned IP address, users can register a domain name and have that name linked with their IP address by public Domain Name Servers (DNS). However, if their Internet account uses a dynamically assigned IP address, users will not know in advance what their IP address will be, and the address can change frequently. In this case, users can use a commercial dynamic DNS service, which allows them to register their domain to their IP address, and will forward traffic directed at their domain to their frequently-changing IP address.

DDNS Service: Router currently support DynDNS, freedns, Zoneedit, NO-IP, 3322, easyDNS, TZO, DynSIP and Custom based on the user.

DDNS Service	3322.org ▼
--------------	------------

User Name		
Password		☐ Unmask
Host Name		
Type	Dynamic ▼	
Wildcard	☐	
Do not use external ip check	☒ Yes ☐ No	

User Name: users register in DDNS server, up to 64 characteristic

Password: password for the user name that users register in DDNS server, up to 32 characteristic

Host Name: users register in DDNS server, no limited for input characteristic for now

Type: depends on the server

Wildcard: support wildcard or not, the default is OFF. ON means *.host.3322.org is equal to host.3322.org

Do not use external ip check: enable or disable the function of 'do not use external ip check'

Force Update Interval (Default: 10 Days, Range: 1 - 60)

Force Update Interval: unit is day, try forcing the update dynamic DNS to the server by setted days

Status

DDNS Status

```

Fri Nov 25 13:58:32 2011: INADYN: Started 'INADYN Advanced version 1.96-ADV' - dynamic DNS updater.
Fri Nov 25 13:58:32 2011: INADYN: IP read from cache file is '192.168.8.222'. No update required.
Fri Nov 25 13:58:32 2011: I:INADYN: IP address for alias 'testsixin.3322.org' needs update to '192.168.8.38'
Fri Nov 25 13:58:33 2011: I:INADYN: Alias 'testsixin.3322.org' to IP '192.168.8.38' updated successfully.
          
```

DDNS Status shows connection log information

3.3.1.3 Clone MAC Address

Some ISP need the users to register their MAC address. The users can clone the Router MAC address to their MAC address registered in ISP if they do not want to re-register their MAC address

☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Clone LAN MAC

Clone WAN MAC

[Get Current PC MAC Address](#)

Clone Wireless MAC

Clone MAC address can clone three parts: Clone LAN MAC, Clone WAN MAC, Clone Wireless MAC.

Noted that one MAC address is 48 characteristic, can not be set to the multicast address, the first byte must be even. And MAC address value of network bridge br0 is determined by the smaller value of wireless MAC address and LAN port MAC address.

3.3.1.4 Advanced Router

Operating Mode: Gateway and Router

[Operating Mode](#)

Operating Mode

Gateway ▼

If the Router is hosting users' Internet connection, select Gateway mode. If another Router exists on their network, select Router mode.

Dynamic Routing

[Dynamic Routing](#)

Interface

Disable ▼

Dynamic Routing enables the Router to automatically adjust to physical changes in the network's layout and exchange routing tables with other Routers. The Router determines the network packets' route based on the fewest number of hops between the source and destination.

To enable the Dynamic Routing feature for the WAN side, select WAN. To enable this feature for the LAN and wireless side, select LAN&WLAN. To enable the feature for both the WAN and LAN, select Both. To disable the Dynamic Routing feature for all data transmissions, keep the default setting, Disable.

Note: Dynamic Routing is not available in Gateway mode

Static Routing

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Static Routing

Select set number

1 ()

Delete

Route Name

Metric

0

Destination LAN NET

0.0.0.0

Subnet Mask

0.0.0.0

Gateway

0.0.0.0

Interface

LAN & WLAN

Show Routing Table

Select set number: 1-50

Route Name: defined routing name by users, up to 25 characters

Metric: 0-9999

Destination LAN NET: the Destination IP Address is the address of the network or host to which users want to assign a static route

Subnet Mask: the Subnet Mask determines which portion of an IP address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion

Gateway: IP address of the gateway device that allows for contact between the Router and the network or host.

Interface: indicate users whether the Destination IP Address is on the LAN & WLAN (internal wired and wireless networks), the WAN (Internet), or Loopback (a dummy network in which one PC acts like a network, necessary for certain software programs)

Show Routing Table

Routing Table Entry List			
Destination LAN NET	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Interface
192.168.1.1	255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0	WAN
192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	LAN & WLAN
192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	WAN
169.254.0.0	255.255.0.0	0.0.0.0	WAN
0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.1	LAN & WLAN

Refresh

Close

3.3.1.5 Networking

Bridging

Create Bridge

Bridge 0

br0
STP
Off
Prio
32768
MTU
1500

Add

Assign to Bridge

Add

Current Bridging Table

Bridge Name	STP enabled	Interfaces
br0	no	vlan0 ra0

Add/Delete Entry

Bridging-Create Bridge: creates a new empty network bridge for later use. STP means Spanning Tree Protocol and with PRIO users are able to set the bridge priority order. The lowest number has the highest priority.

Bridging - Assign to Bridge: allows users to assign any valid interface to a network bridge. Consider setting the Wireless Interface options to Bridged if they want to assign any Wireless Interface here. Any system specific bridge setting can be overridden here in this field.

Current Bridging Table: shows current bridging table

Create steps as below:

Click 'Add' to create a new bridge, configuration is as below:

Create Bridge

Bridge 0

br0 STP Off Prio 32768 MTU 1500

Bridge 1

br1 STP On Prio 32768 MTU 1500

Delete

Add

Create bridge option: the first br0 means bridge name. STP means to on/off spanning tree protocol. Prio means priority level of STP, the smaller the number, the higher the level. MTU means maximum transfer unit, default is 1500, delete if it is not need. And then click 'Save' or 'Add'. Bride properties is as below:

Create Bridge

Bridge 0

br0 STP Off Prio 32768 MTU 1500

Delete

Bridge 1

br1 STP On Prio 32768 MTU 1500

Delete

IP Address

0000

Subnet Mask

0000

Add

Enter relevant bridge IP address and subnet mask, click 'Add' to create a bridge.

Note: Only create a bridge can apply it.

Assign to Bridge

Assignment 0 Interface Prio

none
br0
br1

Assign to Bridge option: to assign different ports to created bridge. For example: assign port (wireless port) is ra0 in br1 bridge as below:

Prio means priority level: work if multiple ports are within the same bridge. The smaller the number, the higher the level. Click 'Add' to take it effect.

Note: corresponding interface of WAN ports interface should not be binding, this bridge function is basically used for LAN port, and should not be binding with WAN port

If bind success, bridge binding list in the list of current bridging table is as below:

Current Bridging Table

Bridge Name	STP enabled	Interfaces
br0	no	vlan0
br1	yes	ra0

To make br1 bridge has the same function with DHCP assigned address, users need to set multiple DHCP function, see the introduction of multi-channel DHCPD:

Port Setup

Network Configuration eth2	☐ Unbridged	☒ Default
Network Configuration vlan0	☐ Unbridged	☒ Default
Network Configuration ra0	☐ Unbridged	☒ Default
Network Configuration apcli0	☐ Unbridged	☒ Default
Network Configuration wds0	☐ Unbridged	☒ Default
Network Configuration wds1	☐ Unbridged	☒ Default
Network Configuration wds2	☐ Unbridged	☒ Default
Network Configuration wds3	☐ Unbridged	☒ Default
Network Configuration br0	☐ Unbridged	☒ Default

Port Setup: Set the port property, the default is not set

Network Configuration ra0	☒ Unbridged ☐ Default
MTU	1500
Multicast forwarding	☐ Enable ☒ Disable
Masquerade / NAT	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
IP Address	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Subnet Mask	0 . 0 . 0 . 0

Choose not bridge to set the port's own properties, detailed properties are as below:

MTU: maximum transfer unit

Multicast forwarding: enable or disable multicast forwarding

Masquerade/NAT: enable or disable Masquerade/NAT

IP Address: set ra0's IP address, and do not conflict with other ports or bridge

Subnet Mask: set the port's subnet mask

Multiple DHCP Server						
DHCP 0	ra0	On	Start	100	Max	50
			Leasetime	3600		
Delete						
Add						

Multiple DHCPD: using multiple DHCP service. Click 'Add' in multiple DHCP server to appear relevant configuration. The first means the name of port or bridge (do not be configured as eth0), the second means whether to on DHCP. Start means start address, Max means maximum assigned DHCP clients, Leasetime means the client lease time, the unit is second, click 'Save' or 'Apply' to put it into effect after setting.

Note: Only configure and click 'Save' can configure the next, can not configure multiple DHCP at the same time.

3.3.2 Wireless

3.3.2.1 Basic Settings

Wireless Physical Interface wl0 [2.4 GHz]

Wireless Network ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Physical Interface ra0 - SSID [dd-junjinlee] HWAddr [00:AA:BB:CC:DD:15]

Wireless Mode

Wireless Network Mode

802.11n Transmission Mode

Wireless Network Name (SSID)

Wireless Channel

Channel Width

Extension Channel

Wireless SSID Broadcast ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Network Configuration ☐ Unbridged ☒ Bridged

Virtual Interfaces

Add

Save

Apply Settings

Cancel Changes

Wireless Network: “Eanble”, radio on.

“Disable”, radio off.

Wireless Mode: AP, Client, Adhoc, Repeater, Repeater Bridge four options。

Wireless Network Mode:

Mixed: Support 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n wireless devices.

BG-Mixed: Support 802.11b, 802.11g wireless devices.

B-only: Only supports the 802.11b standard wireless devices.

B-only: Only supports the 802.11b standard wireless devices.

G-only: Only supports the 802.11g standard wireless devices.

NG-Mixed: Support 802.11g, 802.11n wireless devices.

N-only: Only supports the 802.11g standard wireless devices.

8021.11n Transmission Mode : In the wireless network mode to "N-only" choose to transfer its transmission mode.

Greenfield: When you determine the surrounding environment, there is no other 802.11a/b/g devices use the same channel, use this mode to increase throughput. Other 802.11a/b/g devices use the same channel in the environment, the information you send may generate an error, re-issued.

Mixed: This mode is contrary to the green mode, but will reduce the throughput.

Wireless Network Name(SSID): The SSID is the network name shared among all

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devices in a wireless network. The SSID must be identical for all devices in the wireless network. It is case-sensitive and must not exceed 32 alphanumeric characters, which may be any keyboard character. Make sure this setting is the same for all devices in your wireless network.

Wireless Channel: A total of 1-13 channels to choose more than one wireless device environment, please try to avoid using the same channel with other devices.

Channel Width: 20MHZ and 40MHZ.

Extension Channel: Channel for 40MHZ, you can choose upper or lower.

Wireless SSID Broadcast:

Enable: SSID broadcasting.

Disable: Hidden SSID.

Network Configuration:

Bridged: Bridge to the Router, under normal circumstances, please select the bridge.

Unbridged: There is no bridge to the Router, IP addresses need to manually configure.

Network Configuration	☒ Unbridged ☐ Bridged
Multicast forwarding	☐ Enable ☒ Disable
Masquerade / NAT	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
IP Address	192 . 168 . 1 . 1
Subnet Mask	255 . 255 . 0 . 0

Virtual Interfaces: Click Add to add a virtual interface. Add successfully, click on the remove, you can remove the virtual interface.

Virtual Interfaces

Virtual Interfaces ra1 SSID [dd-wrt_vap] HWAddr [00:AA:BB:CC:DD:16]

Wireless Network Name (SSID)	dd-wrt_vap
Wireless SSID Broadcast	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
AP Isolation	☐ Enable ☒ Disable
Network Configuration	☐ Unbridged ☒ Bridged

Add Remove

AP Isolation: This setting isolates wireless clients so access to and from other wireless clients are stopped.

Note: Save your changes, after changing the "Wireless Mode", "Wireless Network Mode", "wireless width", "broadband" option, please click on this button, and then configure the other options.

3.3.2.2 Wireless Security

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Wireless security options used to configure the security of your wireless network. This route is a total of seven kinds of wireless security mode. Disabled by default, not safe mode is enabled. Such as changes in Safe Mode, click Apply to take effect immediately.

Wireless Security wl0

Physical Interface ra0 SSID [dd-junjinlee] HWAddr [00:AA:BB:CC:DD:15]

Security Mode Disabled

Save Apply Settings

Wireless Security wl0

Physical Interface ra0 SSID [four-faith] HWAddr [00:0C:43:30:52:79]

Security Mode WEP

Authentication Type ☒ Open ☐ Shared Key

Default Transmit Key ☒ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ 3 ☐ 4

Encryption 64 bits 10 hex digits/5 ASCII

ASCII/HEX ☐ ASCII ☒ HEX

Passphrase 1111111111111111 Generate

Key 1 2627F68597

Key 2 15AD1DD294

Key 3 DDC4761939

Key 4 31F1ADB558

WEP: Is a basic encryption algorithm is less secure than WPA. Use of WEP is discouraged due to security weaknesses, and one of the WPA modes should be used whenever possible. Only use WEP if you have clients that can only support WEP (usually older, 802.11b-only clients).

Authentication Type: Open or shared key.

Default Transmit Key: Select the key form Key 1 - Key 4 key.

Encryption: There are two levels of WEP encryption, 64-bit (40-bit) and 128-bit. To utilize WEP, select the desired encryption bit, and enter a passphrase or up to four WEP key in hexadecimal format. If you are using 64-bit (40-bit), then each key must consist of exactly 10 hexadecimal characters or 5 ASCII charceters. For 128-bit, each key must consist of exactly 26 hexadecimal characters. Valid hexadecimal characters are "0"-"9" and "A"-"F".

ASCII/HEX: ASCII, the keys is 5 bit ASCII characters/13bit ASCII characters.

HEX, the keys is 10bit/26 bit hex digits.

Passphrase: The letters and numbers used to generate a key.

Key1-Key4: Manually fill out or generated according to input the pass phrase.

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Wireless Security w10

Physical Interface ra0 SSID [dd-junjinlee] HWAddr [00:AA:BB:CC:DD:15]

Security Mode	WPA Personal ▼		
WPA Algorithms	AES ▼		
WPA Shared Key	••••••••	☐ Unmask	
Key Renewal Interval (in seconds)	3600	(Default: 3600, Range: 1 - 99999)	

Save Apply Settings

WPA Personal/WPA2 Personal/WPA2 Person Mixed:, TKIP/AES/TKIP+AES, dynamic encryption keys. TKIP + AES, self-applicable TKIP or AES. WPA Person Mixed, allow WPA Personal and WPA2 Personal client mix.

WPA Shared Key: Between 8 and 63 ASCII character or hexadecimal digits.

Key Renewal Interval (in seconds) : 1-99999.

Wireless Security w10

Physical Interface ra0 SSID [dd-junjinlee] HWAddr [00:AA:BB:CC:DD:15]

Security Mode	WPA Enterprise ▼		
WPA Algorithms	AES ▼		
Radius Auth Server Address	192.	168.	1. 110
Radius Auth Server Port	1812	(Default: 1812)	
Radius Auth Shared Secret	••••••••	☐ Unmask	
Key Renewal Interval (in seconds)	3600		

WPA Enterprise/WPA2 Enterprise/WPA2 Enterprise Mixed: WPA Enterprise uses an external RADIUS server to perform user authentication.

WPA Algorithms: AES/TKIP/TPIP+AES.

Radius Auth Sever Address: The IP address of the RADIUS server.

Radius Auth Server Port: The RADIUS Port (default is 1812).

Radius Auth Shared Secret: The shared secret from the RADIUS server.

Key Renewal Interva(in seconds): 1-99999.

3.3.3 Services

3.3.3.1 Services

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DHCP Server

DHCPd assigns IP addresses to users local devices. While the main configuration is on the setup page users can program some nifty special functions here.

DHCP Server

Use JFFS2 for client lease DB (Not mounted)

Use NVRAM for client lease DB ☐

Used Domain WAN

LAN Domain

Additional DHCPd Options

Static Leases			
MAC Address	Host Name	IP Address	Client Lease Time

Add
Remove

Use NVRAM for client lease DB: users can store data to the system NVRAM area is enabled

Used domain: users can select here which domain the DHCP clients should get as their local domain. This can be the WAN domain set on the Setup screen or the LAN domain which can be set here.

LAN Domain: users can define here their local LAN domain which is used as local domain for DNSmasq and DHCP service if chose above.

Static Leases: if users want to assign certain hosts a specific address then they can define them here. This is also the way to add hosts with a fixed address to the Router's local DNS service (DNSmasq).

Additional DHCPd Options: some extra options users can set by entering them

DNSMasq

DNSmasq is a local DNS server. It will resolve all host names known to the Router from dhcp (dynamic and static) as well as forwarding and caching DNS entries from remote DNS servers. Local DNS enables DHCP clients on the LAN to resolve static and dynamic DHCP hostnames.

DNSMasq

DNSMasq	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Local DNS	☐ Enable ☒ Disable
No DNS Rebind	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Additional DNSMasq Options	

Local DNS: enables DHCP clients on the LAN to resolve static and dynamic DHCP hostnames

No DNS Rebind: when enabled, it can prevent an external attacker to access the Router's internal Web interface. It is a security measure

Additional DNSMasq Options: some extra options users can set by entering them in Additional DNS Options.

For example:

static allocation:
 dhcp-host=AB:CD:EF:11:22:33,192.168.0.10,myhost,myhost.domain,12h
max lease number: dhcp-lease-max=2
DHCP server IP range: dhcp-range=192.168.0.110,192.168.0.111,12h

SNMP

SNMP

SNMP	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Location	Unknown
Contact	root
Name	four-faith
RO Community	public
RW Community	private

Location: equipment location

Contact: contact this equipment management

Name: device name

RO Community: SNMP RO community name, the default is public, Only to read.

RW Community: SNMP RW community name, the default is private, Read-write permissions

SSHD

Enabling SSHd allows users to access the Linux OS of their Router with an SSH client

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Secure Shell

SSHD	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
SSH TCP Forwarding	☐ Enable ☒ Disable
Password Login	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Port	22 (Default: 22)
Authorized Keys	

SSH TCP Forwarding: enable or disable to support the TCP forwarding

Password Login: allows login with the Router password (username is admin)

Port: port number for SSHd (default is 22)

Authorized Keys: here users paste their public keys to enable key-based login (more secure than a simple password)

System log

Enable Syslogd to capture system messages. By default they will be collected in the local file /var/log/messages. To send them to another system, enter the IP address of a remote syslog server.

System Log

Syslogd	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Syslog Out Mode	☒ Net ☐ Console
Remote Server	

Syslog Out Mode: two log mode

Net: the log information output to a syslog server

Console: the log information output to console port

Remote Server: if choose net mode, users should input a syslog server's IP Address and run a syslog server program on it.

Telnet

Telnet

Telnet	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
--------	---

Telnet: enable a telnet server to connect to the Router with telnet. The username is admin and the password is the Router's password.

Note: If users use the Router in an untrusted environment (for example as a public hotspot), it is strongly recommended to use SSHd and deactivate telnet.

WAN Traffic Counter

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WAN Traffic Counter

ttraff Daemon ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Ttraff Daemon: enable or disable wan traffic counter function

3.3.4 VPN

3.3.4.1 PPTP

PPTP Server

PPTP Server

PPTP Server ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Broadcast support ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Force MPPE Encryption ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

DNS1

DNS2

WINS1

WINS2

Server IP

Client IP(s)

CHAP-Secrets

Broadcast support: enable or disable broadcast support of PPTP server

Force MPPE Encryption: enable or disable force MPPE encryption of PPTP data

DNS1/DNS2/WINS1/WINS2: set DNS1/DNS2/WINS1/WINS2

Server IP: input IP address of the Router as PPTP server, differ from LAN address

Client IP(s): IP address assigns to the client, the format is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx-xxx

CHAP Secrets: user name and password of the client using PPTP service

Note: client IP must be different with IP assigned by Router DHCP.

The format of CHAP Secrets is user * password *.

PPTP Client

PPTP Client

PPTP Client Options ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Server IP or DNS Name

Remote Subnet

Remote Subnet Mask

MPPE Encryption

MTU (Default: 1450)

MRU (Default: 1450)

NAT ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

User Name

Password ☐ Unmask

Server IP or DNS Name: PPTP server's IP Address or DNS Name

Remote Subnet: the network of the remote PPTP server

Remote Subnet Mask: subnet mask of remote PPTP server

MPPE Encryption: enable or disable Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption.

MTU: maximum Transmission Unit

MRU: maximum Receive Unit

NAT: network Address Translation

User Name: user name to login PPTP Server.

Password: password to log into PPTP Server.

3.3.4.2 L2TP

L2TP Server

L2TP Server

L2TP Server Options ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Force MPPE Encryption ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Server IP

Client IP(s)

CHAP-Secrets

Force MPPE Encryption: enable or disable force MPPE encryption of L2TP data

Server IP: input IP address of the Router as PPTP server, differ from LAN address

Client IP(s): IP address assigns to the client, the format is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx-xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx

CHAP Secrets: user name and password of the client using L2TP service

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Note: client IP must be different with IP assigned by Router DHCP.

The format of CHAP Secrets is user * password *.

L2TP Client

L2TP Client

L2TP Client Options ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

User Name

Password ☐ Unmask

Gateway (L2TP Server)

Remote Subnet

Remote Subnet Mask

MPPE Encryption

MTU (Default: 1450)

MRU (Default: 1450)

NAT ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Require CHAP ☒ Yes ☐ No

Refuse PAP ☒ Yes ☐ No

Require Authentication ☒ Yes ☐ No

Gateway(L2TP Server): L2TP server's IP Address or DNS Name

Remote Subnet: the network of remote PPTP server

Remote Subnet Mask: subnet mask of remote PPTP server

MPPE Encryption: enable or disable Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption

MTU: maximum transmission unit

MRU: maximum receive unit

NAT: network address translation

User Name: user name to login L2TP Server

Password: password to login L2TP Server

Require CHAP: enable or disable support chap authentication protocol

Refuse PAP: enable or disable refuse to support the pap authentication

Require Authentication: enable or disable support authentication protocol

3.3.4.3 OPENVPN

OPENVPN Server

Start Type ☐ WAN Up ☒ System

Start Type: WAN UP----start after on-line, System----start when boot up

Config via ☒ GUI ☐ Config File

Server mode ☒ Router (TUN) ☐ Bridge (TAP)

Config via: GUI----Page configuration, Config File----config File configuration

Server mode: Router (TUN)-route mode, Bridge (TAP)----bridge mode

Router (TUN):

Network

Netmask

Network: network address allowed by OPENVPN server

Netmask: netmask allowed by OPENVPN server

Bridge (TAP):

DHCP-Proxy mode ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Pool start IP

Pool end IP

Gateway

Netmask

DHCP-Proxy mode: enable or disable DHCP-Proxy mode

Pool start IP: pool start IP of the client allowed by OPENVPN server

Pool end IP: pool end IP of the client allowed by OPENVPN server

Gateway: the gateway of the client allowed by OPENVPN server

Netmask: netmask of the client allowed by OPENVPN server

Port (Default: 1194)

Tunnel Protocol

Encryption Cipher

Hash Algorithm

Port: listen port of OPENVPN server

Tunnel Protocol: UCP or TCP of OPENVPN tunnel protocol

Encryption Cipher: Blowfish CBC, AES-128 CBC, AES-192 CBC, AES-256 CBC, AES-512 CBC

Hash Algorithm: Hash algorithm provides a method of quick access to data, including SHA1, SHA256, SHA512, MD5

Advanced Options

Advanced Options	☒ Enable ☐ Disable	
Use LZO Compression	☐ Enable ☒ Disable	
Redirect default Gateway	☐ Enable ☒ Disable	
Allow Client to Client	☒ Enable ☐ Disable	
Allow duplicate cn	☐ Enable ☒ Disable	
TUN MTU Setting	1500	(Default: 1500)
MSS-Fix/Fragment across the tunnel		(Default: Disable)
TLS Cipher	Disable	
Client connect script		

Use LZO Compression: enable or disable use LZO compression for data transfer

Redirect default Gateway: enable or disable redirect default gateway

Allow Client to Client: enable or disable allow client to client

Allow duplicate cn: enable or disable allow duplicate cn

TUN MTU Setting: set the value of TUN MTU

TCP MSS: MSS of TCP data

TLS Cipher: TLS (Transport Layer Security) encryption standard supports AES-128 SHA and AES-256 SHA

Client connect script: define some client script by user self

CA Cert	
---------	----------------------

CA Cert: CA certificate

Public Server Cert	
--------------------	----------------------

Public Server Cert: server certificate

Private Server Key	
--------------------	----------------------

DH PEM	
--------	----------------------

Private Server Key: the key seted by the server

DH PEM: PEM of the server

Additional Config

CCD-Dir DEFAULT file

TLS Auth Key

Certificate Revoke List

Additional Config: additional configurations of the server

CCD-Dir DEFAULT file: other file approaches

TLS Auth Key: authority key of Transport Layer Security

Certificate Revoke List: configure some revoke certificates

OPENVPN Client

Server IP/Name

Port

(Default: 1194)

Tunnel Device

Tunnel Protocol

Encryption Cipher

Hash Algorithm

nsCertType verification

☐

Server IP/Name: IP address or domain name of OPENVPN server

Port: listen port of OPENVPN client

Tunnel Device: TUN----Router mode, TAP----Bridge mode

Tunnel Protocol: UDP and TCP protocol

Encryption Cipher: Blowfish CBC, AES-128 CBC, AES-192 CBC, AES-256 CBC, AES-512 CBC

Hash Algorithm: Hash algorithm provides a method of quick access to data, including SHA1, SHA256, SHA512, MD5

nsCertType verification: support ns certificate type

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Advanced Options	☒ Enable ☐ Disable	
Use LZO Compression	☐ Enable ☒ Disable	
NAT	☐ Enable ☒ Disable	
Bridge TAP to br0	☐ Enable ☒ Disable	
Local IP Address		
TUN MTU Setting	1500	(Default: 1500)
MSS-Fix/Fragment across the tunnel		(Default: Disable)
TLS Cipher	Disable	
TLS Auth Key		
Additional Config		
Policy based Routing		

Use LZO Compression: enable or disable use LZO compression for data transfer

NAT: enable or disable NAT through function

Bridge TAP to br0: enable or disable bridge TAP to br0

Local IP Address: set IP address of local OPENVPN client

TUN MTU Setting: set MTU value of the tunnel

TCP MSS: mss of TCP data

TLS Cipher: TLS (Transport Layer Security) encryption standard supports AES-128 SHA and AES-256 SHA

TLS Auth Key: authority key of Transport Layer Security

Additional Config: additional configurations of OPENVPN server

Policy based Routing: input some defined routing policy

CA Cert	
Public Client Cert	
Private Client Key	

CA Cert: CA certificate

Public Client Cert: client certificate

Private Client Key: client key

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3.3.4.4 IPSEC

Connect Status and Control

Show IPSEC connection and status of current Router on IPSEC page.

Connection status and control				
Name	Type	Common Name	status	Action
Add				

Name: the name of IPSEC connection

Type: The type and function of current IPSEC connection

Common name: local subnet, local address, opposite end address and opposite end subnet of current connection

Status: connection status: closed, negotiating, establish

Closed: this connection does not launch a connection request to opposite end

Negotiating: this connection launch a request to opposite end, is under negotiating, the connection has not been established yet

Establish: the connection has been established, enabled to use this tunnel

Action: the action of this connection, current is to delete, edit, reconnect and enable

Delete: to delete the connection, also will delete IPSEC if IPSEC has set up

Edit: to edit the configure information of this connection, reload this connection to make the configuration effect after edit

Reconnect: this action will remove current tunnel, and re-launch tunnel establish request

Enable: when the connection is enable, it will launch tunnel establish request when the system reboot or reconnect, otherwise the connection will not do it

Add: to add a new IPSEC connection

Add IPSEC connection or edit IPSEC connection

Type: to choose IPSEC mode and relevant functions in this part, supports tunnel mode client, tunnel mode server and transfer mode currently

Type	Net-to-Net Virtual Private Network
IPSEC role	☒ Client ☐ Server

Connection: this part contains basic address information of the tunnel

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Connection

Name		Enabled	☒
Local WAN Interface	vlan1 v	Remote Host address	
Local Subnet		Remote subnet	
Local Id		Remote ID	

Name: to indicate this connection name, must be unique

Enabled: If enable, the connection will send tunnel connection request when it is reboot or re-connection, otherwise it is no need if disable

Local WAN Interface: local addresss of the tunnel

Remote Host Address: IP/domain name of end opposite; this option can not fill in if using tunnel mode server

Local Subnet: IPSec local protects subnet and subnet mask, i.e. 192.168.1.0/24; this option can not fill in if using transfer mode

Remote Subnet: IPSec opposite end protects subnet and subnet mask, i.e.192.168.7.0/24; this option can not fill in if using transfer mode

Local ID: tunnel local end identification, IP and domain name are available

Remote ID: tunnel opposite end identification, IP and domain name are available

Detection: this part contains configure information of connection detection

Detection

Enable DPD Detection	☒
Time Interval	60 (S) Timeout 60 (S) Action hold v
Enable Connection Detection	☒

Enable DPD Detection: enable or disable this function, tick means enable

Time Interval: set time interval of connect detection (DPD)

Timeout: set the timeout of connect detection

Action: set the action of connect detection

Advanced Settings: this part contains relevant setting of IKE, ESP, negotiation mode, etc.

Advanced Settings

Enable advanced settings ☒

IKE Encryption 3DES
IKE Integrity MD5
IKE Grouptype MODP-8192

IKE Lifetime 0 hours

ESP Encryption 3DES
ESP Integrity MD5

ESP Keylife 0 hours

☐ IKE+ESP: Use only proposed settings.

☐ IKE aggressive mode allowed. Avoid if possible (preshared key is transmitted in clear text)!

☒ Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS)

☐ Negotiate payload compression

Enable Advanced Settings: enable to configure 1st and 2nd phase information, otherwise it

will automatic negotiation according to opposite end

IKE Encryption: IKE phased encryption mode

IKE Integrity: IKE phased integrity solution

IKE Grouptype: DH exchange algorithm

IKE Lifetime: set IKE lifetime, current unit is hour, the default is 0

ESP Encryption: ESP encryption type

ESP Integrity: ESP integrity solution

ESP Keylife: set ESP keylife, current unit is hour, the default is 0

IKE aggressive mode allowed: negotiation mode adopt aggressive mode if tick; it is main

mode if non-tick

Negotiate payload compression: Tick to enable PFS, non-tick to diable PFS

Authentication: choose use share encryption option or certificate authentication option. Current is only to choose use share encryption option.

Authentication

☒ Use a Pre-Shared Key:

☐ Generate and use the X.509 certificate

3.3.4.5 GRE

GRE (Generic Routing Encapsulation, Generic Routing Encapsulation) protocol is a network layer protocol (such as IP and IPX) data packets are encapsulated, so these encapsulated data packets to another network layer protocol (IP)transmission. GRE Tunnel (tunnel) technology, Layer Two Tunneling Protocol VPN (Virtual Private Network).

GRE Tunnel

GRE Tunnel ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

GRE Tunnel: enable or disable GRE function

Number	1 (fff) Delete
Status	Enable v
Name	fff
Through	PPP v
Peer Wan IP Addr	120.42.46.98
Peer Subnet	192.168.5.0/24 (eg:192.168.1.0/24)
Peer Tunnel IP	200.200.200.1
Local Tunnel IP	200.200.200.5
Local Netmask	255.255.255.0

Number: Switch on/off GRE tunnel app

Status: Switch on/off someone GRE tunnel app

Name: GRE tunnel name

Through: The GRE packet transmit interface

Peer Wan IP Addr: The remote WAN address

Peer Subnet: The remote gateway local subnet, eg: 192.168.1.0/24

Peer Tunnel IP: The remote tunnel ip address

Local Tunnel IP: The local tunnel ip address

Local Netmask: Netmask of local network

Keepalive	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Retry times	
Interval	
Fail Action	Hold v

Keepalive: Enable or disable GRE Keepalive function

Retry times: GRE keepalive detect fail retries

Interval: The time interval of GRE keepalive packet sent

Fail Action: The action would be exec after keeping alive failed

Click on "**View GRE tunnels**" keys can view the information of GRE

GRE Tunnels list

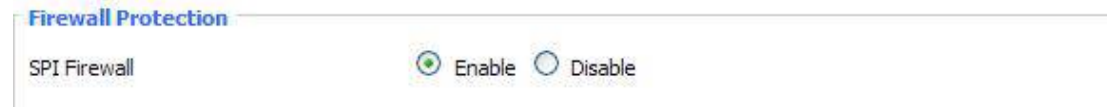
Number	Name	Enable	Through	Peer Wan IP Addr	Peer Subnet	Peer Tunnel IP	Local Tunnel IP	Local Netmask	Keepalive	Retry times	Interval	Fail Action
1	fff	Yes	PPP	120.42.46.98	192.168.5.0/24	200.200.200.1	200.200.200.5	255.255.255.0	No	0	0	Hold

3.3.5 Security

3.3.5.1 Firewall

You can enable or disable the firewall, filter specific Internet data types, and prevent anonymous Internet requests, ultimately enhance network security.

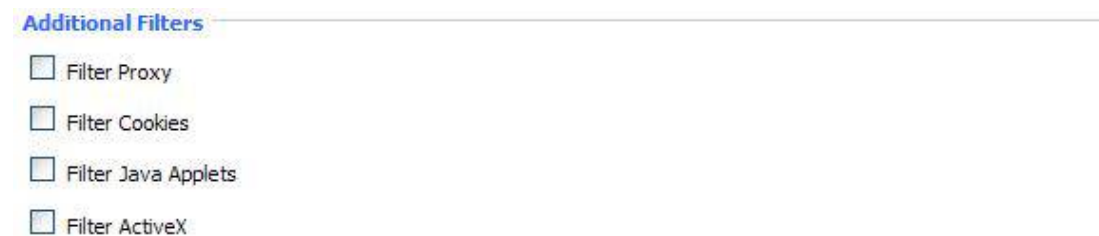
Firewall Protection



The screenshot shows the 'Firewall Protection' section of the router's web interface. It features a title bar 'Firewall Protection' and a label 'SPI Firewall'. Below the label are two radio buttons: 'Enable' (which is selected) and 'Disable'.

Firewall enhance network security and use SPI to check the packets into the network. To use firewall protection, choose to enable otherwise disabled. Only enable the SPI firewall, you can use other firewall functions: filtering proxy, block WAN requests, etc.

Additional Filters



The screenshot shows the 'Additional Filters' section. It has a title bar 'Additional Filters' and four unchecked checkboxes: 'Filter Proxy', 'Filter Cookies', 'Filter Java Applets', and 'Filter ActiveX'.

Filter Proxy: Wan proxy server may reduce the security of the gateway, Filtering Proxy will refuse any access to any wan proxy server. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Filter Cookies: Cookies are the website of data the data stored on your computer. When you interact with the site, the cookies will be used. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Filter Java Applets: If refuse to Java, you may not be able to open web pages using the Java programming.. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Filter ActiveX: If refuse to ActiveX, you may not be able to open web pages using the ActiveX programming. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Prevent WAN Request



The screenshot shows the 'Block WAN Requests' section. It has a title bar 'Block WAN Requests' and three checked checkboxes: 'Block Anonymous WAN Requests (ping)', 'Filter IDENT (Port 113)', and 'Block WAN SNMP access'.

Block Anonymous WAN Requests (ping): By selecting “Block Anonymous WAN Requests (ping)” box to enable this feature, you can prevent your network from the Ping or detection of other Internet users. so that make More difficult to break into your network.

The default state of this feature is enabled ,choose to disable allow anonymous Internet requests.

Filter IDENT (Port 113): Enable this feature can prevent port 113 from being scanned from outside. Click the check box to enable the function otherwise disabled.

Block WAN SNMP access: This feature prevents the SNMP connection requests from the WAN.

After Complete the changes, click the **Save Settings** button to save your changes. Click the **Cancel Changes** button to cancel unsaved changes.

Impede WAN DoS/Bruteforce



Limit ssh Access: This feature limits the access request from the WAN by ssh, and per minute up to accept two connection requests on the same IP. Any new access request will be automatically dropped.

Limit Telnet Access: This feature limits the access request from the WAN by Telnet, and per minute up to accept two connection requests on the same IP. Any new access request will be automatically dropped.

Limit PPTP Server Access: When build a PPTP Server in the Router,this feature limits the access request from the WAN by ssh, and per minute up to accept two connection requests on the same IP . Any new access request will be automatically dropped.

Limit L2TP Server Access: When build a L2TP Server in the Router, this feature limits the access request from the WAN by ssh, and per minute up to accept two connection requests on the same IP. Any new access request will be automatically dropped.

Log Management

The Router can keep logs of all incoming or outgoing traffic for your Internet connection.



Log: To keep activity logs, select Enable. To stop logging, select Disable. When select enable, the following page will appear.

Log

☒ Enable
 ☐ Disable

Log Level

High

Options

Dropped

Disable

Rejected

Enable

Accepted

Enable

Log Level: Set this to the required log level. Set Log Level higher to log more actions.

Options: When select Enable, the corresponding connection will be recorded in the journal, the disabled are not recorded.

Incoming Log: To see a temporary log of the Router's most recent incoming traffic, click the Incoming Log button.

Incoming Log Table

Source IP	Protocol	Destination Port Number	Rule
-----------	----------	-------------------------	------

Refresh

Close

Outgoing Log: To see a temporary log of the Router's most recent outgoing traffic, click the Outgoing Log button.

Outgoing Log Table				
LAN IP	Destination URL/IP	Protocol	Service/Port Number	Rule
192.168.1.164	223.203.188.56	TCP	www	Accepted
192.168.1.164	183.60.16.200	UDP	8000	Accepted
192.168.1.164	183.60.48.60	UDP	8000	Accepted
192.168.1.164	112.95.240.183	UDP	8000	Accepted
192.168.1.164	183.60.49.245	UDP	8000	Accepted
192.168.1.164	119.147.32.204	UDP	8000	Accepted
192.168.1.164	112.90.86.244	UDP	8000	Accepted
192.168.1.164	119.147.45.157	UDP	8000	Accepted
192.168.1.164	183.60.49.15	UDP	8000	Accepted
192.168.1.164	183.60.16.70	UDP	8000	Accepted
192.168.1.164	183.60.16.200	UDP	8000	Accepted

Click the **Save Settings** button to save your changes. Click the **Cancel Changes** button to cancel unsaved changes.

3.3.6 Access Restrictions

3.3.6.1 WAN Access

Use access restrictions, you can block or allow specific types of Internet applications.

You can set specific PC-based Internet access policies. This feature allows you to customize up to ten different Internet Access Policies for particular PCs, which are identified by their IP or MAC addresses.

Access Policy

Policy

1 ()

Delete

Summary

Status

☐ Enable
 ☒ Disable

Policy Name

PCs

Edit List of clients

☐ Deny
 ☒ Filter

Internet access during selected days and hours.

Two options in the default policy rules: "Filter" and "reject". If select "Deny", you will deny specific computers to access any Internet service at a particular time period. If you choose to "filter", It will block specific computers to access the specific sites at a specific time period. You can set up 10 Internet access policies filtering specific PCs access Internet services at a particular time period.

Access Policy: You may define up to 10 access policies. Click Delete to delete a policy or Summary to see a summary of the policy.

Status: Enable or disable a policy.

Policy Name: You may assign a name to your policy.

PCs: The part is used to edit client list, the strategy is only effective for the PC in the list.

Days

Everyday

Sun

Mon

Tue

Wed

Thu

Fri

Sat

☒
☐
☐
☐
☐
☐
☐
☐

Times

24 Hours

☒

From

☐

0:00

To

0:00

Days: Choose the day of the week you would like your policy to be applied.

Times: Enter the time of the day you would like your policy to be applied.

Website Blocking by URL Address

Website Blocking by Keyword

Website Blocking by URL Address: You can block access to certain websites by entering their URL.

Website Blocking by Keyword: You can block access to certain website by the keywords contained in their webpage

List of clients	
Enter MAC Address of the clients in this format: xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx	
MAC 01	00:AA:BB:CC:DD:EE
MAC 02	00:00:00:00:00:00
MAC 03	00:00:00:00:00:00
MAC 04	00:00:00:00:00:00
MAC 05	00:00:00:00:00:00
MAC 06	00:00:00:00:00:00
MAC 07	00:00:00:00:00:00
MAC 08	00:00:00:00:00:00
Enter the IP Address of the clients	
IP 01	192.168.1. 15
IP 02	192.168.1. 0
IP 03	192.168.1. 0
IP 04	192.168.1. 0
IP 05	192.168.1. 0
IP 06	192.168.1. 0
Enter the IP Range of the clients	
IP Range 01	192 . 168 . 1 . 19 ~ 192 . 168 . 1 . 30
IP Range 02	0 . 0 . 0 . 0 ~ 0 . 0 . 0 . 0

set up Internet access policy

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1. Select the policy number (1-10) in the drop-down menu.
2. For this policy is enabled, click the radio button next to "Enable"
3. Enter a name in the Policy Name field.
4. Click the Edit List of PCs button.
5. On the List of PCs screen, specify PCs by IP address or MAC address. Enter the appropriate IP addresses into the IP fields. If you have a range of IP addresses to filter, complete the appropriate IP Range fields. Enter the appropriate MAC addresses into the MAC fields.
6. Click the Apply button to save your changes. Click the Cancel button to cancel your unsaved changes. Click the Close button to return to the Filters screen.
7. If you want to block the listed PCs from Internet access during the designated days and time, then keep the default setting, Deny. If you want the listed PCs to have Internet filtered during the designated days and time, then click the radio button next to Filter.
8. Set the days when access will be filtered. Select Everyday or the appropriate days of the week.
9. Set the time when access will be filtered. Select 24 Hours, or check the box next to From and use the drop-down boxes to designate a specific time period.
10. Click the Add to Policy button to save your changes and active it.
11. To create or edit additional policies, repeat steps 1-9.
12. To delete an Internet Access Policy, select the policy number, and click the Delete button.

Note:

- 1) The default factory value of policy rules is "filtered". If the user chooses the default policy rules for "refuse", and editing strategies to save or directly to save the settings. If the strategy edited is the first, it will be automatically saved into the second, if not the first, keep the original number.
- 2) Turn off the power of the Router or reboot the Router can cause a temporary failure. After the failure of the Router, if can not automatically synchronized NTP time server, you need to recalibrate to ensure the correct implementation of the relevant period control function.

3.3.6.2 URL Filter

If you want to prevent certain client access to specific network domain name, such as www.sina.com. We can achieved it through the function of URL filter.

URL filtering function

Url Filter

Url Filter Setting

Enable Url Filter ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Policy Discard packets conform to the following rules ▼

Del	Num	URL
☐	1	www.sina.com

Add Filter Rule

Type URL ▼

Add

Discard packets conform to the following rules: only discard the matching URL address in the list .

Accept only the data packets conform to the following rules: receive only with custom rules of network address, discarded all other URL address.

3.3.6.3 Packet Filter

To block some packets getting Internet access or block some Internet packets getting local network access, you can configure filter items to block these packets.

Packet Filter

Packet filter function is realized based on IP address or port of packets.

Enable Packet Filter ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Policy Discard packets conform to the following rules ▼

Enable Packet Filter: Enable or disable “packet filter” function

Policy: The filter rule’s policy, you can choose the following options

Discard The Following--Discard packets conform to the following rules, Accept all other packets

Only Accept The Following-- Accept only the data packets conform to the following rules, Discard all other packets

Add Filter Rule

Direction: OUTPUT

Protocol: TCP/UDP

Source Ports: 1 - 65535

Destination Ports: 1 - 65535

Source IP: 0. 0. 0. 0 / 0

Destination IP: 0. 0. 0. 0 / 0

Add

Direction

input: packet from WAN to LAN

output: packet from LAN to WAN

Protocol: packet protocol type

Source Ports: packet's source port

Destination Ports: packet's destination port

Source IP: packet's source IP address

Destination IP: packet's destination IP address

Note: "Source Port" ,"Destination Port" ,"Source IP" ,"Destination IP" could not be all empty ,you have to input at least one of these four parameters.

3.3.7 NAT

3.3.7.1 Port Forwarding

Port Forwarding allows you to set up public services on your network, such as web servers, ftp servers, e-mail servers, or other specialized Internet applications. Specialized Internet applications are any applications that use Internet access to perform functions such as videoconferencing or online gaming. When users send this type of request to your network via the Internet, the Router will forward those requests to the appropriate PC. If you want to forward a whole range of ports, see [Port Range Forwarding](#).

Forwards

Application	Protocol	Source Net	Port from	IP Address	Port to	Enable
web	TCP	192.168.8.11	8000	192.168.1.12	80	☒
ftp	Both	192.168.8.12	24	192.168.1.12	21	☒

Application: Enter the name of the application in the field provided.

Protocol: Chose the right protocol TCP,UDP or Both. Set this to what the application requires.

Source Net: Forward only if sender matches this ip/net (example 192.168.1.0/24).

Port from: Enter the number of the external port (the port number seen by users on the Internet).

IP Address: Enter the IP Address of the PC running the application.

Port to: Enter the number of the internal port (the port number used by the application).

Enable: Click the Enable checkbox to enable port forwarding for the application.

Check all values and click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Click the **Cancel changes** button to cancel your unsaved changes.

3.3.7.2 Port Range Forward

Port Range Forwarding allows you to set up public services on your network, such as web servers, ftp servers, e-mail servers, or other specialized Internet applications. Specialized Internet applications are any applications that use Internet access to perform functions such as videoconferencing or online gaming. When users send this type of request to your network via the Internet, the Router will forward those requests to the appropriate PC. If you only want to forward a single port, see [Port Forwarding](#).

Port Range Forward

Forwards

Application	Start	End	Protocol	IP Address	Enable
web-tftp	800	8100	Both	192.168.1.16	☒
game	9000	10000	Both	192.168.1.16	☒

Application: Enter the name of the application in the field provided.

Start:Enter the number of the first port of the range you want to seen by users on the Internet and forwarded to your PC.

End: Enter the number of the last port of the range you want to seen by users on the Internet and forwarded to your PC.

Protocol: Chose the right protocol TCP,UDP or Both. Set this to what the application requires.

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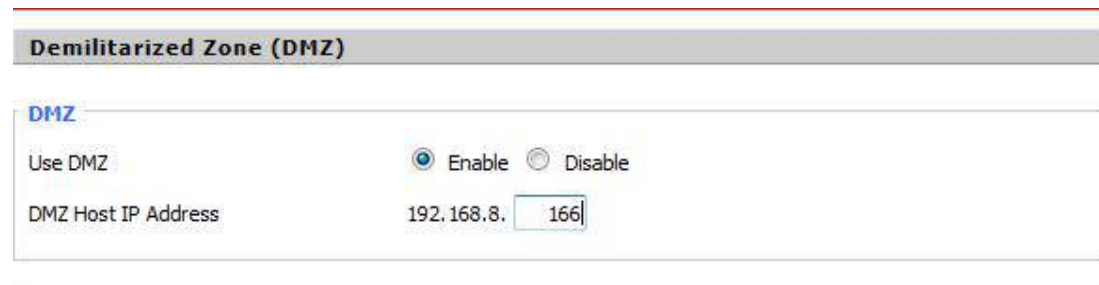
IP Address: Enter the IP Address of the PC running the application.

Enable: Click the Enable checkbox to enable port forwarding for the application.

Check all values and click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Click the **Cancel changes** button to cancel your unsaved changes.

3.3.7.3 DMZ

The DMZ (DeMilitarized Zone) hosting feature allows one local user to be exposed to the Internet for use of a special-purpose service such as Internet gaming or videoconferencing. DMZ hosting forwards all the ports at the same time to one PC. The Port Forwarding feature is more secure because it only opens the ports you want to have opened, while DMZ hosting opens all the ports of one computer, exposing the computer so the Internet can see it.



Any PC whose port is being forwarded must should have a new static IP address assigned to it because its IP address may change when using the DHCP function.

DMZ Host IP Address: To expose one PC to the Internet, select Enable and enter the computer's IP address in the DMZ Host IP Address field. To disable the DMZ, keep the default setting: Disable

Check all values and click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Click the **Cancel changes** button to cancel your unsaved changes.

3.3.8 QOS Setting

3.3.8.1 Basic

Bandwidth management prioritizes the traffic on your Router. Interactive traffic (telephony, browsing, telnet, etc.) gets priority and bulk traffic (file transfer, P2P) gets low priority. The main goal is to allow both types to live side-by side without unimportant traffic disturbing more critical things. All of this is more or less automatic.

QOS allows control of the bandwidth allocation to different services, netmasks, MAC addresses and the four LAN ports.

Main WAN QoS Settings

Start QoS
☐ Enable
☒ Disable

Port
WAN

Packet Scheduler
HTB

Uplink (kbps)
0

Downlink (kbps)
0

Bkup WAN QoS Settings

Start QoS
☐ Enable
☒ Disable

Port
WAN

Packet Scheduler
HTB

Uplink (kbps)
0

Downlink (kbps)
0

Uplink (kbps): In order to use bandwidth management (QOS) you must enter bandwidth values for your uplink. These are generally 80% to 90% of your maximum bandwidth.

Downlink (kbps) : In order to use bandwidth management (QOS) you must enter bandwidth values for your downlink. These are generally 80% to 90% of your maximum bandwidth.

3.3.8.2 Classify

Netmask Priority

Netmask Priority

Delete	IP/Mask	Priority
☐	192.168.1.1/24	Exempt
☐	192.168.2.3/24	Standard
☐	192.168.3.4/32	Express
☐	192.168.4.5/32	Bulk
	Add 0.0.0.0 / 0	

You may specify priority for all traffic from a given IP address or IP Range.

Check all values and click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Click the **Cancel changes** button to cancel your unsaved changes.

3.3.9 Applications

3.3.9.1 Serial Applications

There is a console port on Router. Normally, this port is used to debug the Router. This port can also be used as a serial port. The Router has embedded a serial to TCP program. The data sent to the serial port is encapsulated by TCP/IP protocol stack and then is sent to the destination server. This function can work as a DTU (Data Terminal Unit).

Serial Applications

☒ Enable
☐ Disable

Baudrate
115200

Databit
8

Stopbit
1

Parity
None

Flow Control
None

Protocol
TCP(DTU)

Server Address
120.42.46.98

Server Port
55501

Device Number
12345678901

Device Id
12345678

Heartbeat Interval
60

Baudrate: Baud rate indicates the number of bytes per second transported by device, commonly used baud rate is 115200, 57600, 38400, 19200.

Databit: the data bits can be 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, constitute a character. The ASCII code is usually used. Starting from the most significant bit is transmitted.

Stopbit: it marks the end of a character data. It is a high level of 1, 1.5, 2.

Parity: use a set of data to check the data error.

Flow control: including the hardware part and software part in two ways.

Enable Serial TCP Function: Enable the serial to TCP function

Protocol Type: The protocol type to transmit data.

UDP(DTU) – Data transmit with UDP protocol, work as a Four-Faith IP MODEM device which has application protocol and hear beat mechanism.

Pure UDP – Data transmit with standard UDP protocol.

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TCP(DTU) -- Data transmit with TCP protocol , work as a Four-Faith P MODEM device which has application protocol and hear beat mechanism.

Pure TCP -- Data transmit with standard TCP protocol, Router is the client.

TCP Server -- Data transmit with standard TCP protocol, Router is the server.

TCST -- Data transmit with TCP protocol, Using a custom data

Server Address: The data service center's IP Address or domain name.

Server Port: The data service center's listening port.

Device ID: The Router's identity ID.

Device Number: The Router's phone number.

Heartbeat Interval: The time interval to send heart beat packet. This item is valid only when you choose UDP(DTU) or TCP(DTU) protocol type.

TCP Server Listen Port: This item is valid when Protocol Type is "TCP Server"

Custom Heartbeat Packet : This item is valid when Protocol Type is "TCST"

Custom Registration Packets: This item is valid when Protocol Type is "TCST"

3.3.10 Administration

3.3.10.1 Management

The Management screen allows you to change the Router's settings. On this page you will find most of the configurable items of the Router code.

Router Password

Router Username	
Router Password	
Re-enter to confirm	

The new password must not exceed 32 characters in length and must not include any spaces. Enter the new password a second time to confirm it.

Note:

Default username is admin.

It is strongly recommended that you change the factory default password of the Router, which is admin. All users who try to access the Router's web-based utility or Setup Wizard will be prompted for the Router's password.

Web Access

This feature allows you to manage the Router using either HTTP protocol or the HTTPS

protocol. If you choose to disable this feature, a manual reboot will be required. You can also activate or not the Router information web page. It's now possible to password protect this page (same username and password than above).

Web Access

Protocol	☒ HTTP ☐ HTTPS
Auto-Refresh (in seconds)	3
Enable Info Site	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Info Site Password Protection	☐ Enabled

Protocol: This feature allows you to manage the Router using either HTTP protocol or the HTTPS protocol

Auto-Refresh: Adjusts the Web GUI automatic refresh interval. 0 disables this feature completely

Enable Info Site: Enable or disable the login system information page

Info Site Password Protection: Enable or disable the password protection feature of the system information page

Remote Access

Web GUI Management	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Use HTTPS	☐
Web GUI Port	8080 (Default: 8080, Range: 1 - 65535)
SSH Management	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
SSH Remote Port	22 (Default: 22, Range: 1 - 65535)
Telnet Management	☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Remote Access: This feature allows you to manage the Router from a remote location, via the Internet. To disable this feature, keep the default setting, Disable. To enable this feature, select Enable, and use the specified port (default is 8080) on your PC to remotely manage the Router. You must also change the Router's default password to one of your own, if you haven't already.

To remotely manage the Router, enter `http://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:8080` (the x's represent the Router's Internet IP address, and 8080 represents the specified port) in your web browser's address field. You will be asked for the Router's password.

If you use https you need to specify the url as `https://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx:8080` (not all firmwares does support this without rebuilding with SSL support).

SSH Management: You can also enable SSH to remotely access the Router by Secure Shell. Note that SSH daemon needs to be enable in Services page.

Note:

If the Remote Router Access feature is enabled, anyone who knows the Router's Internet IP address and password will be able to alter the Router's settings.

Telnet Management: Enable or disable remote Telnet function

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Cron

Cron ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Additional Cron Jobs

Cron: The cron subsystem schedules execution of Linux commands. You'll need to use the command line or startup scripts to actually use this.

Language Selection

Language

Language: Set up the Router page shows the type of language, including simplified Chinese and English.

Device Management

Device Management ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Device Management Server IP

Device Management Server Listen Port (Default: 40001, Range: 1 - 65535)

Heart Interval (Default: 60Sec, Range: 1 - 999)

Device Number

Device Phone Number

Device Type Description

Remote Upgrade: custom-developed remote management server for this station Router monitoring and management, configuration parameters, WIFI advertising updates.

Remote Management Login Server

Remote Management Login Server ☒ Enable ☐ Disable

Remote Login Server IP

Remote Login Server Port (Default: 44008, Range: 1 - 65535)

Remote Management Login Server: In the case of more than one servers, the remote management login server is a general server. Connect the Router to this login server, the login server will assign an available server IP and port for the Router to connect for remote management.

Firmware Upgrade

Firmware Upgrade	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Upgrade Server IP	xmsx0618.f3322.org
Upgrade Server Port	882 (Default: 882, Range: 1 - 65535)

Firmware Upgrade: custom-developed remote server for this station Router upgrading firmware.

3.3.10.2 Keep Alive

Schedule Boot&Shutdown

Schedule Boot&Shutdown

Schedule Boot&Shutdown	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Match	☒ Day ☐ Weekday ☐ Days ☐ Weekdays
Shutdown Time	00 : 00
Shutdown Date	* : 01 Sunday Sunday
Boot Time	00 : 00
Boot Date	* : 01 Sunday Sunday

The user can set the startup or shutdown time:

For example, the user want to set the start time at 8:07 and boot time at 9:07.

Schedule Boot&Shutdown

Schedule Boot&Shutdown	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Match	☒ Day ☐ Weekday ☐ Days ☐ Weekdays
Shutdown Time	08 : 07
Shutdown Date	* : 01 Sunday Sunday
Boot Time	09 : 07
Boot Date	* : 01 Sunday Sunday

Schedule Reboot

Schedule Reboot

Schedule Reboot	☒ Enable ☐ Disable
Interval (in seconds)	☒ 3600
At a set Time	☐ 00 : 00 Sunday Sunday

You can schedule regular reboots for the Router :

Regularly after xxx seconds.

At a specific date time each week or everyday.

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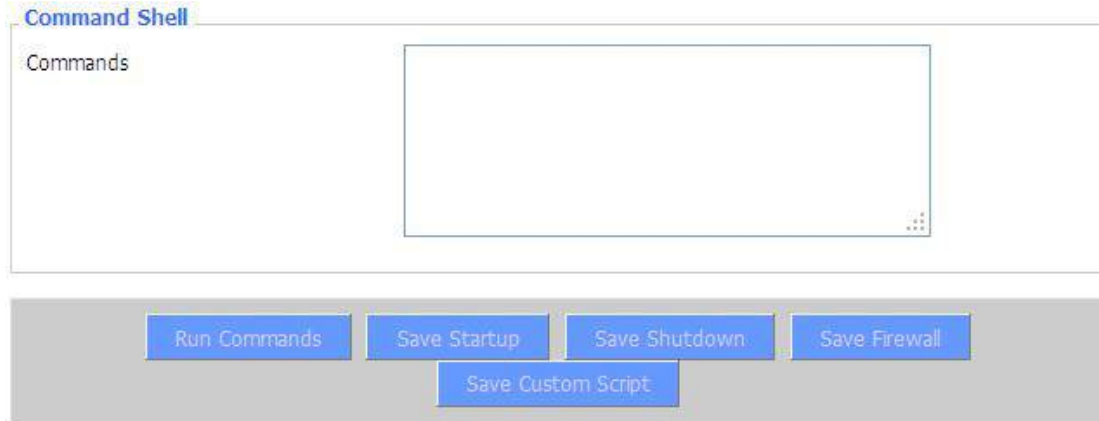
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Note:

For date based reboots Cron must be activated. See Management for Cron activation.

3.3.10.3 Commands

Commands: You are able to run command lines directly via the Webinterface.



Run Command: You can run command lines via the web interface. Fill the text area with your command and click Run Commands to submit.

Startup: You can save some command lines to be executed at startup's Router. Fill the text area with commands (only one command by row) and click Save Startup.

Shutdown: You can save some command lines to be executed at shutdown's Router. Fill the text area with commands (only one command by row) and click Save Shutdown.

Firewall: Each time the firewall is started, it can run some custom iptables instructions. Fill the text area with firewall's instructions (only one command by row) and click Save Firewall.

Custom Script: Custom script is stored in /tmp/custom.sh file. You can run it manually or use cron to call it. Fill the text area with script's instructions (only one command by row) and click Save Custom Script.

3.3.10.4 Factory Defaults



Reset Router settings: Click the Yes button to reset all configuration settings to their default values. Then click the Apply Settings button.

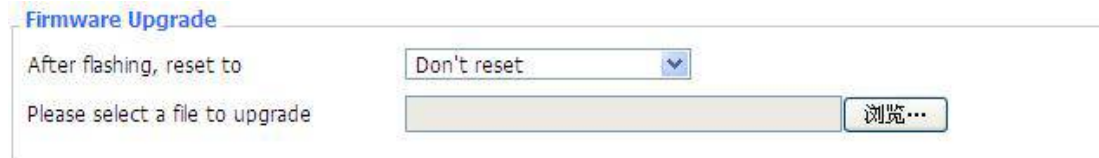
Note:

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Any settings you have saved will be lost when the default settings are restored. After restoring the Router is accessible under the default IP address 192.168.1.1 and the default password admin.

3.3.10.5 Firmware Upgrade



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Firmware Upgrade". It contains a section "After flashing, reset to" with a dropdown menu currently set to "Don't reset". Below this is a text input field with the placeholder "Please select a file to upgrade" and a "浏览..." (Browse...) button to its right.

Firmware Upgrade: New firmware versions are posted at www.four-faith.com and can be downloaded. If the Router is not experiencing difficulties, then there is no need to download a more recent firmware version, unless that version has a new feature that you want to use.

Note:

When you upgrade the Router's firmware, you lose its configuration settings, so make sure you write down the Router settings before you upgrade its firmware.

To upgrade the Router's firmware:

1. Download the firmware upgrade file from the website.
2. Click the Browse... button and chose the firmware upgrade file.
3. Click the Upgrade button and wait until the upgrade is finished.

Note:

Upgrading firmware may take a few minutes.

Do not turn off the power or press the reset button!

After flashing, reset to: If you want to reset the Router to the default settings for the firmware version you are upgrading to, click the Firmware Defaults option.

3.3.10.6 Backup

Backup Configuration

Backup Settings
Click the "Backup" button to download the configuration backup file to your computer.

Restore Configuration

Restore Settings
Please select a file to restore

WARNING
Only upload files backed up using this firmware and from the same model of router.
Do not upload any files that were not created by this interface!

Backup Settings: You may backup your current configuration in case you need to reset the Router back to its factory default settings. Click the Backup button to backup your current configuration.

Restore Settings: Click the Browse... button to browse for a configuration file that is currently saved on your PC. Click the Restore button to overwrite all current configurations with the ones in the configuration file.

Note:

Only restore configurations with files backed up using the same firmware and the same model of Router.

3.3.11 Status

3.3.11.1 Router

System

Router Name	Four-Faith
Router Model	Four-Faith Router
Firmware Version	FXXXX v1.0 (01/10/12) std - build 94
MAC Address	<u>00:AA:BB:CC:DD:44</u>
Host Name	
WAN Domain Name	
LAN Domain Name	
Current Time	Sat, 01 Jan 2000 00:51:29
Uptime	51 min,

Router Name: name of the Router, setting→basic setting to modify

Router Model: model of the Router, unavailable to modify

Firmware Version: software version information

MAC Address: MAC address of WAN, setting→Clone MAC Address to modify

Host Name: host name of the Router, setting→basic setting to modify

WAN Domain Name: domain name of WAN, setting→basic setting to modify

LAN Domain Name: domain name of LAN, unavailable to modify

Current Time: local time of the system

Uptime: operating uptime as long as the system is powered on

Memory

Total Available	125192 kB / 131072 kB	96%
Free	94884 kB / 125192 kB	76%
Used	30308 kB / 125192 kB	24%
Buffers	3412 kB / 30308 kB	11%
Cached	11936 kB / 30308 kB	39%
Active	10528 kB / 30308 kB	35%
Inactive	6512 kB / 30308 kB	21%

Total Available: the room for total available of RAM (that is physical memory minus some reserve and the kernel of binary code bytes)

Free: free memory, the Router will reboot if the memory is less than 500kB

Used: used memory, total available memory minus free memory

Buffers: used memory for buffers,

Cached: the memory used by high-speed cache memory

Active: active use of buffer or cache memory page file size

Inactive: not often used in a buffer or cache memory page file size

Network

IP Filter Maximum Ports	4096	
Active IP Connections	43	1%

IP Filter Maximum Ports: preset is 4096, available to re-management

Active IP Connections: real time monitor active IP connections of the system, click to see the table as blow:

Active IP Connections 53

No.	Protocol	Timeout (s)	Source Address	Remote Address	Service Name	State
1	TCP	60	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
2	TCP	30	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
3	TCP	65	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
4	TCP	96	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
5	TCP	99	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
6	TCP	70	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
7	TCP	74	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
8	TCP	115	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
9	TCP	84	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
10	TCP	3599	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	ESTABLISHED
11	TCP	3599	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	ESTABLISHED
12	TCP	108	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
13	TCP	3600	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	ESTABLISHED
14	TCP	93	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
15	TCP	102	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
16	TCP	74	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
17	TCP	3599	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	ESTABLISHED
18	TCP	15	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
19	TCP	25	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
20	TCP	90	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
21	UDP	26	192.168.8.119	255.255.255.255	1947	UNREPLIED
22	TCP	77	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
23	TCP	35	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
24	TCP	74	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
25	TCP	40	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
26	TCP	3599	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	ESTABLISHED
27	TCP	74	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
28	TCP	74	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
29	TCP	4	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT
30	UDP	31	192.168.8.160	224.0.0.1	9166	UNREPLIED
31	TCP	74	192.168.1.120	192.168.1.1	80	TIME_WAIT

Active IP Connections: total active IP connections

Protocol: connection protocol

Timeouts: connection timeouts, unit is second

Source Address: source IP address

Remote Address: remote IP address

Service Name: connecting service port

Status: displayed status

3.3.11.2 WAN

Connection Type	Automatic Configuration - DHCP
Connection Uptime	Not available

Connection Type: disabled, static IP, automatic configuration-DHCP, PPPOE, PPTP, L2TP, 3G/UMTS

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Connection Uptime: connecting uptime; If disconnect, display Not available

IP Address	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
Gateway	0.0.0.0
DNS 1	
DNS 2	
DNS 3	

IP Address: IP address of Router WAN

Subnet Mask: subnet mask of Router WAN

Gateway: the gateway of Router WAN

DNS1, DNS2, DNS3: DNS1/DNS2/DNS3 of Router WAN

Remaining Lease Time	0 days 23:38:43
DHCP Release DHCP Renew	

Remaining Lease Time: remaining lease time of IP address in DHCP way

DHCP Release: release DHCP address

DHCP Renew: renew IP address in DHCP way, default is 1 day

Login Status	Disconnected	Connect
--------------	--------------	---

Login Status: connection status of WAN

Disconnection: disconnect

Connection: connect

Module Type	ZTE-EVDO MODULE
	
Signal Status	-79 dBm
Network	CDMA/HDR

Module Type: module type in 3G/UMTS way

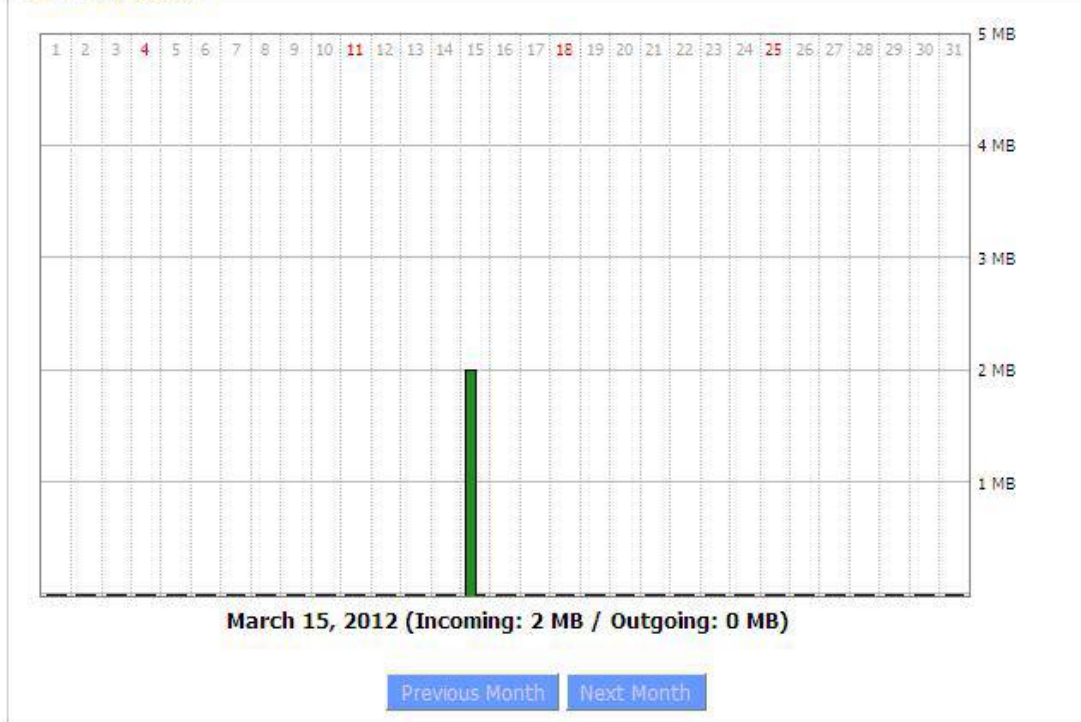
Signal Status: signal intensity of the module in 3G/UMTS way

Network: network type of the module in 3G/UMTS way

Total Traffic

Incoming (MBytes)	0
Outgoing (MBytes)	0

Traffic by Month



Total Flow: flow from power-off last time until now statistics, download and upload direction

Monthly Flow: the flow of a month, unit is MB

Last Month: the flow of last month

Next Month: the flow of next month

Data Administration

Backup	Restore	Delete
--------	---------	--------

Backup: backup data administration

Restore: restore data administration

Delete: delete data administration

3.3.11.3 LAN

LAN Status

MAC Address	00:0C:43:30:52:77
IP Address	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	0.0.0.0
Local DNS	0.0.0.0

MAC Address: MAC Address of the LAN port ethernet

IP Address: IP Address of the LAN port

Subnet Mask: Subnet Mask of the LAN port

Gateway: Gateway of the LAN port

Local DNS: DNS of the LAN port

Active Clients

Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Conn. Count	Ratio [4096]
*	192.168.1.120	10:78:D2:98:C9:46	57	1%

Host Name: host name of LAN client

IP Address: IP address of the client

MAC Address: MAC address of the client

Conn. Count: connection count caused by the client

Ratio: the ratio of 4096 connection

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

DHCP Status

DHCP Server	Enabled
DHCP Daemon	uDHCPd
Start IP Address	192.168.1.100
End IP Address	192.168.1.149
Client Lease Time	1440 minutes

DHCP Server: enable or disable the Router work as a DHCP server

DHCP Daemon: the agreement allocated using DHCP including DNSMasq and uDHCPd

Starting IP Address: the starting IP Address of the DHCP server's Address pool

Ending IP Address: the ending IP Address of the DHCP server's Address pool

Client Lease Time: the lease time of DHCP client

DHCP Clients

Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Client Lease Time	Delete
PC-201011161332	192.168.1.142	00:21:5C:33:4D:29	1 day 00:00:00	
jack-lincw	192.168.1.117	44:37:E6:3F:45:54	1 day 00:00:00	
*	192.168.1.149	00:0C:E7:00:00:00	1 day 00:00:00	

Host Name: host name of LAN client

IP Address: IP address of the client

MAC Address: MAC address of the client

Expires: the expiry the client rents the IP address

Delete: click to delete DHCP client

Connected PPPOE Clients

Interface	User Name	Local IP	Delete
ppp0	hometest	192.168.10.10	

Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system

User Name: user name of PPPOE client

Local IP: IP address assigned by PPPOE client

Delete: click to delete PPPOE client

Connected L2TP Server

Interface	Local IP	Remote IP	Delete
ppp0	172.168.8.2	172.168.8.1	

Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system

Local IP: tunnel IP address of local L2TP

Remote IP: tunnel IP address of L2TP server

Delete: click to disconnect L2TP

Connected L2TP Clients

Interface	User Name	Local IP	Remote IP	Delete
ppp1	hometest	192.168.50.2	120.42.46.98	

Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system

User Name: user name of the client

Local IP: tunnel IP address of L2TP client

Remote IP: IP address of L2TP client

Delete: click to delete L2TP client

Connected PPTP Server

Interface	Local IP	Remote IP	Delete
ppp0	172.168.8.2	172.168.8.1	

Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system

Local IP: tunnel IP address of local PPTP

Remote IP: tunnel IP address of PPTP server

Delete: click to disconnect PPTP

Connected PPTP Clients

Interface	User Name	Local IP	Remote IP	Delete
ppp1	hometest	192.168.5.1	120.42.46.98	

Interface: the interface assigned by dial-up system

User Name: user name of the client

Local IP: tunnel IP address of PPTP client

Remote IP: IP address of PPTP client

Delete: click to delete PPTP client

3.3.11.4 Wireless

Wireless Status

MAC Address	00:0C:43:30:52:79
Radio	Radio is On
Mode	AP
Network	Mixed
SSID	four-faith
Channel	6 (2437 MHz)
TX Power	71 mW
Rate	72 Mb/s
Encryption - Interface wlo	Disabled
PPTP Status	Disconnected

MAC Address: MAC address of wireless client

Radio: display whether radio is on or not

Mode: wireless mode

Network: wireless network mode

SSID: wireless network name

Channel: wireless network channel

TX Power: reflection power of wireless network

Rate: reflection rate of wireless network

Encryption-Interface wlo: enable or diasbal Encryption-Interface wlo

PPTP Status: show wireless pptp status

Wireless Packet Info

Received (RX)	91125 OK, no error	100%
Transmitted (TX)	11957 OK, no error	100%

Received (RX): received data packet

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Transmitted (TX): transmitted data packet

Wireless Nodes								
Clients								
MAC Address	Interface	Uptime	TX Rate	RX Rate	Signal	Noise	SNR	Signal Quality
- None -								

MAC Address: MAC address of wireless client

Interface: interface of wireless client

Uptime: connecting uptime of wireless client

TX Rate: transmit rate of wireless client

RX Rate: receive rate of wireless client

Signal: the signal of wireless client

Noise: the noise of wireless client

SNR: the signal to noise ratio of wireless client

Signal Quality: signal quality of wireless client

Neighbor's Wireless Networks

SSID	Mode	MAC Address	Channel	Rssi	Noise	beacon	Open	dtim	Rate	Join Site
tzt-3g	Unknown	00:aa:bb:cc:dd:14	2	-5	-95	0	No	0	54(b/g)	Join
four-faith	Unknown	00:0c:43:30:52:79	6	-24	-95	0	No	0	300(b/g/n)	Join
ff-old	AP	00:13:10:09:56:92	6	-55	-95	0	No	0	54(b/g)	Join

Refresh

Close

Neighbor's Wireless Network: display other networks nearby

SSID: the name of wireless network nearby

Mode: operating mode of wireless network nearby

MAC Address: MAC address of the wireless nearby

Channel: the channel of the wireless nearby

Rssi: signal intensity of the wireless nearby

Noise: the noise of the wireless nearby

Beacon: signal beacon of the wireless nearby

Open: the wireless nearby is open or not

Dtim: delivery traffic indication message of the wireless nearby

Rate: speed rate of the wireless nearby

Join Site: click to join wireless network nearby

3.3.11.5 Bandwidth

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Bandwidth Monitoring - LAN

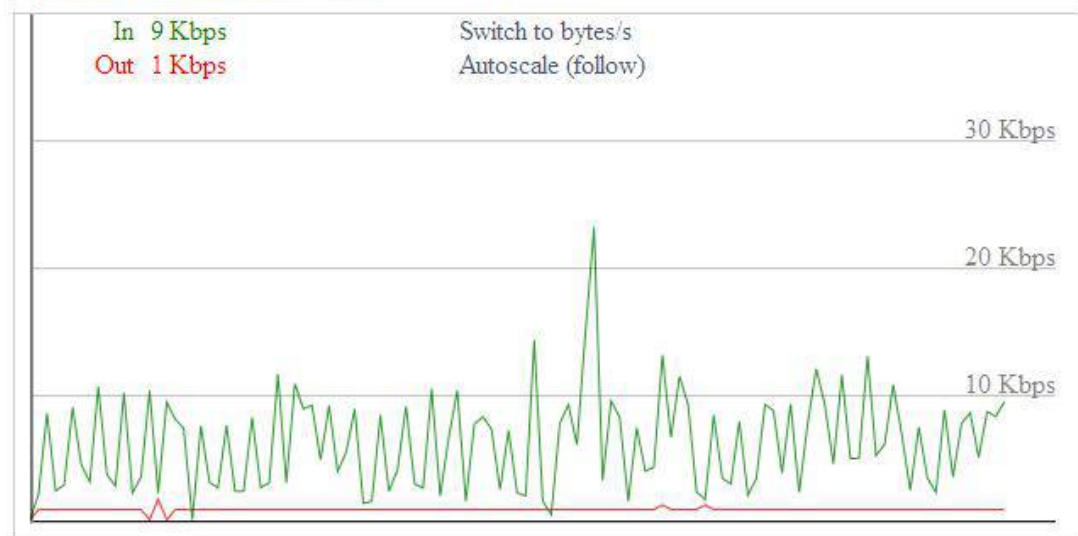


Bandwidth Monitoring-LAN Graph

abscissa axis: time

vertical axis: speed rate

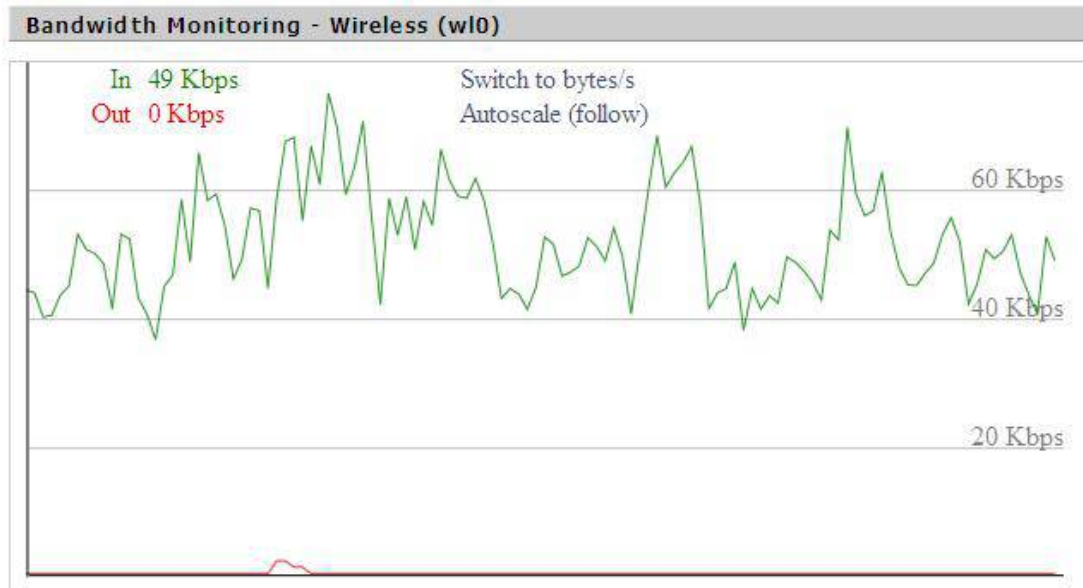
Bandwidth Monitoring - WAN



Bandwidth Monitoring-WAN Graph

abscissa axis: time

vertical axis: speed rate



Bandwidth Monitoring-Wireless (W10) Graph

abscissa axis: time

vertical axis: speed rate

3.3.11.6 Sys-Info

Router	
Router Name	Four-Faith
Router Model	Four-Faith Router
LAN MAC	<u>00:0C:43:30:52:77</u>
WAN MAC	<u>00:0C:43:30:52:78</u>
Wireless MAC	<u>00:0C:43:30:52:79</u>
WAN IP	10.34.107.156
LAN IP	192.168.1.1

Router Name: the name of the Router

Router Model: the model of the Router

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LAN MAC: MAC address of LAN port

WAN MAC: MAC address of WAN port

Wireless MAC: MAC address of the wireless

WAN IP: IP address of WAN port

LAN IP: IP address of LAN port

Wireless	
Radio	Radio is On
Mode	AP
Network	Mixed
SSID	four-faith
Channel	6 (2437 MHz)
TX Power	71 mW
Rate	72 Mb/s

Radio: display whether radio is on or not

Mode: wireless mode

Network: wireless network mode

SSID: wireless network name

Channel: wireless network channel

TX Power: reflection power of wireless network

Rate: reflection rate of wireless network

Wireless Packet Info	
Received (RX)	6982 OK, no error
Transmitted (TX)	1498 OK, no error

Received (RX): received data packet

Transmitted (TX): transmitted data packet

Wireless								
Clients								
MAC Address	Interface	Uptime	TX Rate	RX Rate	Signal	Noise	SNR	Signal Quality
- None -								

MAC Address: MAC address of wireless client

Interface: interface of wireless client

Uptime: connecting uptime of wireless client

TX Rate: transmit rate of wireless client

RX Rate: receive rate of wireless client

Signal: the signal of wireless client

Noise: the noise of wireless client

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SNR: the signal to noise ratio of wireless client

Signal Quality: signal quality of wireless client

Services

DHCP Server	Enabled
ff-radauth	Disabled
USB Support	Disabled

DHCP Server: enabled or disabled

ff-radauth: enabled or disabled

USB Support: enabled or disabled

Memory

Total Available	122.3 MB / 128.0 MB
Free	92.6 MB / 122.3 MB
Used	29.6 MB / 122.3 MB
Buffers	3.3 MB / 29.6 MB
Cached	11.7 MB / 29.6 MB
Active	10.3 MB / 29.6 MB
Inactive	6.4 MB / 29.6 MB

Total Available: the room for total available of RAM (that is physical memory minus some reserve and the kernel of binary code bytes)

Free: free memory, the Router will reboot if the memory is less than 500kB

Used: used memory, total available memory minus free memory

Buffers: used memory for buffers, total available memory minus allocated memory

Cached: the memory used by high-speed cache memory

Active: Active use of buffer or cache memory page file size

Inactive: Not often used in a buffer or cache memory page file size

DHCP

DHCP Clients

Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expires
*	192.168.1.143	xx:xx:xx:xx:DD:45	1 day 00:00:00
four-488e1df5fa	192.168.1.125	xx:xx:xx:xx:D8:F7	1 day 00:00:00
Mycenae-PC	192.168.1.116	xx:xx:xx:xx:5E:30	1 day 00:00:00

Host Name: host name of LAN client

IP Address: IP address of the client

MAC Address: MAC address of the client

Expires: the expiry the client rents the IP address

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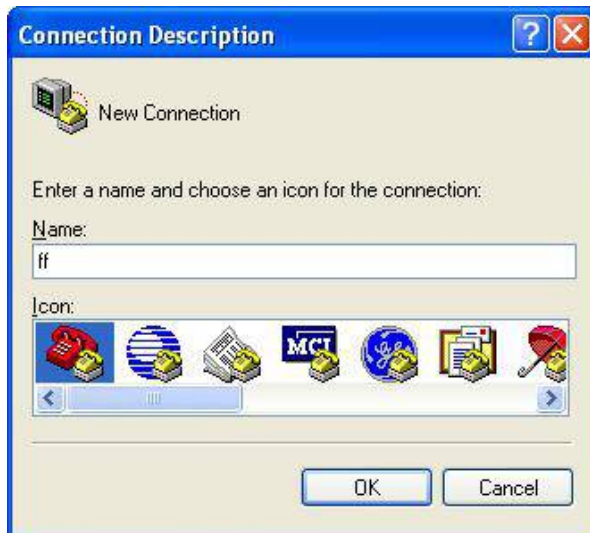
Add: J1-J3, 3rdFloor, No.44, Guanri Road, Software Park, Xiamen .361008.China

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Appendix

The following steps describe how to setup Windows XP Hyper Terminal.

1. Press "Start"→"Programs"→"Accessories"→"Communications"→"Hyper Terminal"



2. Input connection name, choose "OK"
3. Choose the correct COM port which connects to modem, choose "OK"



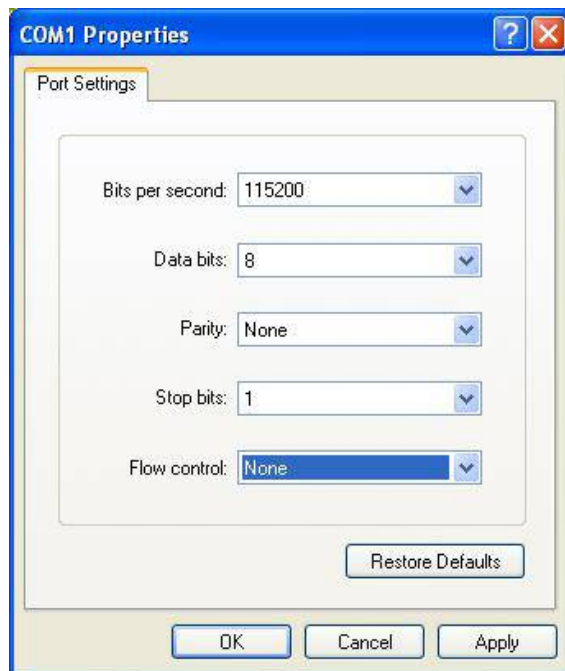
4. Configure the serial port parameters as following, choose "OK"

Bits per second: 115200

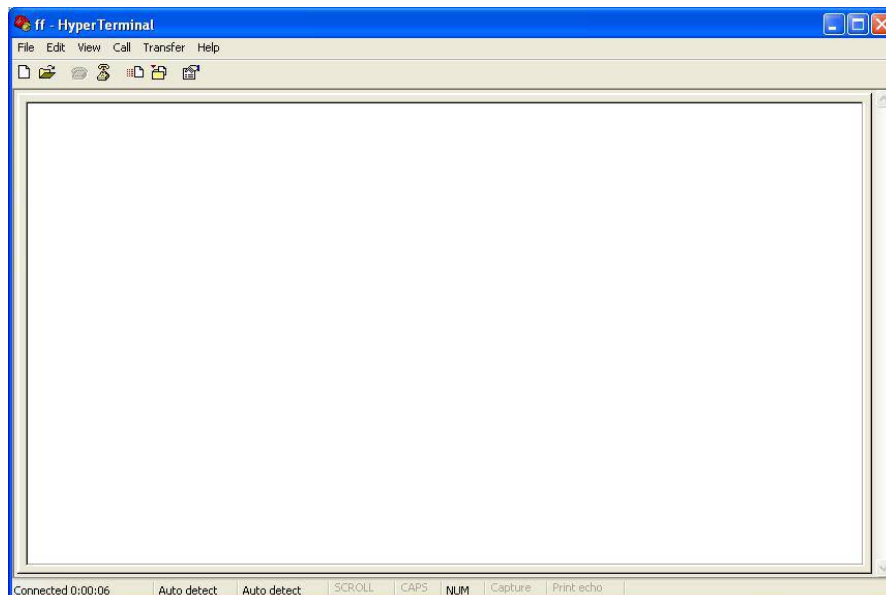
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Data bits: 8
Parity: None
Stop bits: 1
Flow control: None



5. Complete Hyper Terminal operation, It runs as following



Note: If the user is using the win7 system, you can download a win7 super terminal on the internet. Universal serial interface or other similar software.